THE MORNING STAR.

FULL TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS OF THE SOUTHERN ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Daily Letter From Raleigh.

RELIABLE MARKET REPORTS.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

EASTER SALE

OF BRIGHT NEW

DRESS GOODS.

A SPLENDID SHOWING OF BRIGHT NEW STYLES.

Suitable for present wear, and there is such a rush for them, one would think we were the only house that sold them. May be there IS something in our peculiar style of commanding low price with high grade.

Don't judge of the quality by the prices. Come closer and examine the quality.

Dress Goods! Dress Goods!

40-inch Scotch Tweed Mixtures with pinhead check effect. Stylish and dressy Spring suitings for travelling wear in tan, brown, blue, etc., 50 cents yard.

French Novelties in two toned changeable effects, in green, brown and variety of shades, 37½ cents.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

How do we keep on selling such immense quantities of Black Goods? Simply, we suppose, because our assortment is about the most complete in town, and our prices are about the lowest.

Black Crepons in the latest weaves in Silk and Wool and Mohair and wool, billow-dimple and rock effects.

40-inch Royatine, the newest fabric out, 1.25 yd.

38-inch Fancy Granites, only 60 and 65c yd.

Best Black Henrietta, regular 69 cents quality, only 50c.

40 inch Henrietta, regular 1.00 quality, only 75 cents.

1,000 UMBRELLAS JUST RECEIVED.

A job—nothing like them ever offered in the city for the money.

What do you think of an exquisite Surah Serge, beautiful handle with silver ornament, at $1.50?

Or a Dresden handle, Surah Serge cover, Paragon ribbed, at $1.50?

Or a Helvetia covered Paragon ribbed 28-inch, at $1.00?

We have them at every price.

You must see them to appreciate the value.

Come in and see those new Wash Silks just arrived 37½c per yard.

Richard Hatnut, the most popular perfumer in New York City, has made us his Sale Agents for his exquisite Toilet Requisites. List of extracts:

Sweet Orchids—an original and very sweet tropical odor—a universal favorite; 50c. oz.

Wood Violet—a true essence, distilled from the fresh blossoms in Grasse, France; 50c. oz.

Lily of the Valley—extremely dainty, delicate and true; 50c. oz.

White Lilac—an exquisite extract from hot house lilacs; 50c. oz.

Zanzibar Lily—extracted from the queen of lillies.

White Rose, the sweetest among Rose Perfumes, distilled from Kizanlik Roses, 50c oz.

Pean d' Espagne represents the perfume of the famous scented Spanish Leather, 50c oz.

What is Pasta Mack? Ask us.

Savon a La Fraise, Strawberry Soap, prepared from fresh strawberry juice, 25c cake,

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

apr 7 tf

M. CRONLY, Auctioneer,

By CRONLY & MORRIS

Very Desirable Property for Sale

BY AUCTION.

ON MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF APRIL next, at 12 M., we will sell at public auction, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, all of that lot of Land situate, lying and being in said city: Beginning at the intersection of the northern line of Princess street with the western line of Front street, and running thence with Princess street westwardly 42 feet 5 inches, thence northwardly 66 feet, thence eastwardly 42 feet 5 inches to Front street, thence southwardly 66 feet to the beginning, being the eastern part of Lot 5, in Block 177, upon which the Bank of New Hanover building stand s.

The terms are $10,000 cash, balance three, six, nine and twelve months with interest at 6 per cent. secured by mortgage on property. Building insured and policies transferred. Purchaser to have option of paying all cash. Sale subject to confirmation by the Superior Court. JUNIUS DAVIS, Receiver.

Wilmington, N. C., March 31, 1895.
mar 31 tds

Notice to Truckers.

THERE is no need in your sending away from home to buy the packages to put your various kinds of Truck in. We are making up everything in the way of a

Truck Package

At as low a price as they can be bought anywhere.

Come up and see our

Potato Barrel.

Over 500,000 were sold last season to the farmers of Virginia. Special inducements made to parties who will use our SPIRIT CASKS.

Telephone No. 37. R. M. NIMOCKS, Wilmington, N. C.
march 28 1m

The French Cafe

Is now open and invites patronage. Fancy drinks a specialty. Everything new and clean. Clever attendants to wait upon the patronage. Call and see us.

A. P. LEVY, Manager.

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THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 17. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,713

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

OUTLINES.

Treasury officials still in doubt as to the exact meaning of the Supreme Court decision on the income tax law. —— The British steamship Alvana, bound from Kingston, Jamaica, for New York, arrived at Norfolk, leaking. —— Another advance has been made in the price of crude petroleum. —— The uprising in Cuba is general throughout the island and gaining ground daily. —— President Hoffman of the Seaboard Air Line says the decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, will not affect the situation materially. —— Important and successful tests of armor-piercing shells and percussion fuses made at the Navy proving ground at Indian Head, Md. —— Dr. Richmond M. Smith, Professor in Randolph-Macon College, has tendered his resignation. —— A negro narrowly escapes lynching at Clifton Forge, Va., for an attempted assault upon a seven-year old white girl. —— A negro swindler skipped from Atlanta with twenty-five hundred dollars. —— Cuba's revolution—Governor-General Campos will push active operations against the insurgents; a syndicate said to be formed in the United States to furnish money to the insurgents. —— The Whiskey Trust—President Greenhut denies the charges; directors resigning. ——Fred Miller, the long-distance pedestrian, arrives at Jacksonville, Fla. —— Base ball games yesterday. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2½ per cent., closing offered at 2½ per cent; cotton quoted quiet; middling gulf 6¾ cts; middling uplands 6¼ cts; Southern flour dull and firm; common to fair extra $1.90@2.75; good to choice do. $3.80@3.95; wheat dull, firm and ¼c higher; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 60¼@60¼c; afloat 61¾@62c; corn dull, scarce and firm; No. 2 at elevator 56c; afloat 57¼c; spirits turpentine dull and easy at 31¾@31¾c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.53¼@1.57½.

The announcement that an old woman who plays a hand organ on the streets of Denver, Col., is worth $100,000 may give the hand organ business a boom; but every town in this country isn't a Denver.

The Republicans of Brooklyn, N. Y., are splitting up into Platt and anti-Platt factions. That's a way they have of amusing themselves when there is no loot in sight. When the loot shows up they will come together like cats around a dish of milk.

Alfred E. Burr, editor of the Hartford *Daily Times*, recently celebrated his 80th birthday. He has been doing editorial work for fifty-four years and still, from force of habit, goes to the office every day and helps to save the country as usual.

Dr. Parkhurst who spent some time in Chicago recently, says he found only two kinds of people there, one who believe the town has reached the pinnacle of perfection, and the other who believe it is on the down grade to the demnition bow-wows, and that praying and saltpetre couldn't save it. The crust on which Chicago is built is pretty thin, too.

The appraisers of the property of Mrs. Hannah Rolf, who died at Terre Haute, Ind., about ten days ago, struck a bonanza when they began prospecting the premises. She was supposed to be worth between $2,000 and $3,000, but they discovered hid away in various places in her house money, notes, mortgages, &c., to the amount of $40,000, one-third of which was left by will to her husband and the remainder to a sister in Germany.

Secretary Hoke Smith wants Secretary Lamont to tell him whether the Seminole war is over yet or not. There is a case pending in his department involving lands formerly occupied by the Seminoles, and one of the parties interested claims that the war has never been officially declared ended. If it hasn't been officially ended it must be still officially going on and that's what Mr. Smith wants to find out from Mr. Lamont, who is supposed to know its official status.

A story comes from Paris about a rich Chicago woman who left her shopping bag in the cab she rode in, and didn't discover her loss until after she had entered a store, and the cab was out of sight. The bag contained 5,000 francs, some valuable black pearls and diamonds. She didn't become excited, however, as some women would have done, but informed the police department and awaited results. Next day the bag was returned to her, with the information that the cabman had left it at the police station. Thereupon she sent for the cabman, questioned him, found that he was a man of family, and insisted on his taking the 5,000 francs as a reward for his honesty. When remonstrated with by her friends for her excessive liberality, she said that such honesty was so rare that it should be suitably rewarded, and she was so glad to get her jewels back that she didn't care for the money, neither of which she would have seen if this accident had happened in America. But it must be remembered that this was a Chicago woman, and that this is a French story.

Judge Taintor, of the Jefferson Market (New York) Police Court, was put in a perplexing position a few days ago. A woman appeared before him and asked that he issue an order requiring her husband, (who had deserted her,) to support her and her children. He was an all-round crook, who stole for a living and had just come out of prison where he had been sent for stealing a watch. His wife admitted that he had supported her and her children previous to the desertion by stealing, and the crook admitted that that was his business, and said he was willing to give a portion of his "earnings" to support his wife and children. That's where the puzzle came in. The judge felt that issuing the order would be like requiring him to go and steal and divide the proceeds, and he took twenty-four hours to ponder it.

The woollen manufacturers of Massachusetts have increased the wages of their employes from 10 to 15 per cent. So much for free wool.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—Package of notes.
W. B. COOPER—Spanish peanuts.
HALL & PEARSALL—N. C. hams.
A. SHRIER—Going out of business.
HOLMES & WATTERS—Will be closed

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. G. M. Summerill, of Armour, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. G. Butter, of Pireway-terry, N. C., was in the city yesterday on business.

— Rev. M. P. Plyler, of Market Street M. E. Church, is able to be out again after two weeks illness.

— Lieut. Rienburg and family, who have been here for some time, left last night for Milwaukee, which place they will make their future home.

— Miss Alice Yelvington, of Smithfield, N. C., who was injured some time ago by falling down a flight of stairs, is reported as improving rapidly.

— The STAR received a visit yesterday from its old friend John M. Rose, Esq., of Fayetteville. He is now in his eightieth year, but his physical and mental activity have not deserted him.

— Mr. John H. Clark, of Clarkton, who was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday, reports much damage in his section from the rain of Sunday night, which almost reached the proportions of a flood.

— Lieutenant C. C. Clark and Lieut. Thos C. Daniel, of the Newbern Division Naval Reserves, and Adjutant of the N. C. Battalion Naval Reserves Mr. T. D. Carraway, were visitors at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. J. A. Fountain, assistant superintendent of transportation at Richmond, Va., Mr. J. C. Higgins, assistant train master at Rocky Mount, and Mr. H. T. Beauman, transfer freight agent at Rocky Mount, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. M. L. Manley, Lumber Bridge; D. G. Robeson, N. C; H. T. Gregory, Greensboro; Wm. Conard, Charlotte; Jno. M. Rose, Fayetteville; H. F. Seawell, Carthage; J. L. Borden, Goldsboro; R. W. Bazos, Barium Springs; A. S. Fort, N. C., were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Accident to the Steamer Croatan.

A telegram was received yesterday evening by Mr. Smallbones, agent for the Clyde Steamship Company here, that the steamship *Croatan*, from New York for Wilmington, had sprung a leak off Cape Lookout, and was now anchored at that point with four feet of water in her hold. The officials here say there is no need for alarm; that the *Croatan* will be towed to Portsmouth or Norfolk, where repairs will be made immediately, and then she will come on to Wilmington. The accident happened Tuesday, during the storm. So far no damage has been done to the cargo.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., April 11.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 54°; 8 p. m., 58°; maximum, 71°; minimum, 48°; mean, 60°.

Rainfall for the day 0 00; rainfall for the month up to date 1.55 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Fair and warmer in western portions; southeast winds.

The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Case.

Mr. E S. Martin, Special Master, heard further testimony on the claims of the North State Improvement Company and concluded the hearing yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. The Master will report his conclusions of the facts and law together with the testimony to the Court. Most of the lawyers and others interested in the case took their departure for home last night.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—9 casks spirits turpentine, 49 bbls rosin.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—1 cask spirits turpentine, 25 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 10 casks; rosin, 49 bbls; tar, 25 bbls.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast: Fair till Friday night; rising temperature Thursday and Friday; light easterly winds.

— There was 47.7 feet water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 a. m. yesterday; and the river was still rising.

— The Knights of Pythias who who went to Newbern returned yesterday much pleased with their trip and the cordiality of their reception.

— It is said that the Board of Aldermen will meet to-night to fill the vacancies caused by resignations of Aldermen Moore, Yates and Latimer.

— Judge Hoke writes that he will open court here next Monday at one o'clock p. m., as it is impossible to get here earlier on account of the schedule.

— About fifteen of the newly appointed magistrates for New Hanover county qualified yesterday before Col. Jno. D. Taylor, clerk of the Superior Court.

— W. R. Terry was tried yesterday in Justice McGowan's court for assault and battery upon Henry Bowens, colored, and was fined five dollars and costs.

— The steamer cylinder of the "Cape Fear" fire engine, sent North for repairs a few weeks ago, was received yesterday and the steamer is again in working order.

— Thieves entered the residence of Mr. E. M. Walker, on Second street between Orange and Ann, Sunday night and made way with some bedclothing and provisions. Nothing else was missed.

— Subscribers to the American Encyclopædic Dictionary are reminded that they can have the 49 parts bound in four volumes in the best law sheep, for $3.00 per volume, by sending them to the STAR office.

— The *Railway Age* is authority for the statement that 378 railway companies are preparing to build 20,517 miles of new line. As this equals the aggregate of new trackage for the last four years it looks as if there is to be a boom in railroad building.

— It is reported that an effort was recently made to organize a branch of the "American Protective Association" in Wilmington. The A. P. A. is something that is not wanted in the South. Let it remain at the North and continue its work for the Republican party.

THE STRAWBERRY CROP.

Berries Will Be Plentiful Further South, but the Crop Will Be Late Everywhere.

Indications now point to a heavy crop of strawberries everywhere South. In North Carolina, the crop is late, as elsewhere, and the yield is likely to be large—too large, in fact, to command remunerative prices when shipments become general. The Savannah *News* has the following concerning the crop in Georgia and Florida:

"The dealers in strawberries are of the opinion that the crop this year is going to be a good one in spite of the disadvantages with which crops of all kinds have had to contend.

"So far the Florida berries have been the only ones received in this market and they have been coming now for about ten days. They first sold at wholesale at 75 cents a quart, but have lately gone down to 35 cents, Mr. L. Putzel, who handles a large portion of the Florida strawberry crop coming into Savannah, says his advices are to the effect that the crop will be fully up to what it was last year, and perhaps the acreage will be a little larger.

"The strawberries suffered some setback from the last cold snap, and did not come in as early as they did last year, but they were not far enough advanced when the cold came along to receive any material damage. The Savannah crop is not a very large one, amounting to not more than forty or fifty acres, but this will not come on for ten days or two weeks yet, and the outlook is that the fruit will go considerably lower in price than it is at present. In fact there is no reason why it should not go just as low as it has in years past.

"The quality of the berries this year is fully as good if not better than it was last year, and already large quantities of them have been shipped out of Florida. In New York they are now selling wholesale at 40 cents per quart, whereas the first berries sent there sold at from $1.50 to $2.00 a quart. There is no reason to believe that the crop this year will fall short in any respect to what it was last year and the year before.

"The other vegetable crops and fruit crops, Mr. Putzel says, are progressing very favorably and the outlook is a good one. There has, of course, been a great setback with all of the crops on account of this season's cold weather, but the farmers have replanted all the crops that were destroyed, and there is no reason to believe that the crops in all lines this year will not be as good and as plentiful as they have been heretofore."

Court Martial.

The Naval Reserves court martial for the trial of Lieut. Frank Wilkes, of the Charlotte Division, will be held in the U. S. Court room to-day in public. There are nine charges against Mr. Wilkes. He will arrive this morning accompanied by Lieutenant Davis, of the Charlotte Division and Quartermaster Ed McCracken. Mr. Wilkes has been an officer in the Naval Reserves ever since it was organized in this State, was officer on the cruise of 1893 and 1894 and has a number of friends who regret to learn he is in trouble. The court to take evidence in the case to-day are as follows:

Court: Commander F. Winslow, Lieut. Commander Geo. L. Morton, Lieuts. J. W. Harper, T. S. Burbank, W. A. Furlong, C. C. Clark, Jr., J. C. Morrison. Lieut. (J. G.) Tom. C. Daniels, Judge Advocate. Ensign W. R. Morrison, Provost Marshal. Gunners' Mate H. L. Miller, Coxswain W. W. Roberts, and Seamen D. W. Morris, Jno. Robinson, Wilkes Morris, have been detailed as aides to Provost Marshal and Guards of Court.

You can save money by buying the "Oriole" brand roasted coffee. †

THE COTTON SITUATION.

Review of the Present and a Glance at the Future—A Letter from Mr. Alfred B. Shepperson—Reduction of Acreage the Chief Factor With Him.

The cotton market in New York is at present in a waiting or hesitating mood with a steady undertone, and while this steadiness might naturally result from several causes, I think that the chief factor in the situation is the attempt on the part of certain well-known and wealthy operators to bring about a material advance in the price of contracts for May delivery.

The visible supply of cotton in the world is about 330,000 bales greater than at the corresponding time of last year, while the stock held by European and American spinners is doubtless 500,000 bales greater than a year ago. The indications are that the commercial crop will reach 9,700,000 bales.

Within the past month spot cotton in New York has advanced 13-16c, per pound, and, therefore, many persons think a reaction from so sharp an advance should be expected.

These are the discouraging features of the situation.

On the other hand it is to be noted that while about 2,300,000 bales of American cotton have come into sight in excess of the movement to the corresponding time last year, it has been so fully absorbed that, as I have already stated, the visible supply of cotton in the world is only about 330,000 bales greater than it was a year ago.

The cotton manufacturers in Europe and America are doing a much more active business than last season and their weekly consumption is probably 15,000 bales (of 400 pounds net) greater. Notwithstanding this largely increased consumption and the comparatively small excess in visible supply, the price of spot cotton in New York is 1¾c per pound less than it was a year ago.

Trade conditions are so much better than last year here and in Europe that I do not think the larger supply justifies so great a decline in the value of cotton.

On account of the very low prices for cotton which have prevailed throughout the season and the present high price of corn, there are many indications of a considerable reduction in cotton acreage this spring.

That it would be manifestly to the advantage of the cotton growers to plant less cotton and more corn and other food crops there can be no doubt.

The season of 1894 was an unusually good one. Indeed, it may prove to be the best season of which we have any record. It is exceptional to have two very favorable seasons in succession. It not infrequently happens that a very favorable season is followed by an unfavorable season. It would, therefore, be very unreasonable to expect the season of 1895 to give anything like a full yield even if the acreage should remain unchanged. The season of 1893-94 with an acreage of 6 per cent. greater than the previous year gave a crop 18 per cent. less than the crop of 1892-93, and a like result would be in the natural order of things between the almost perfect crop of 1894 and the new crop of 1895.

At the moment, operators are waiting for further developments in respect to the acreage of the new crop and in regard to the effect upon the market of the efforts being made to advance the price of contracts for May delivery.

These are really the pivotal points of the situation.

Those who think it time for reaction from the advance which has occurred since March 1st and who believe the visible and invisible stocks of cotton too great to enable a higher range of prices to rule, even should the crop prove to be a very moderate one, are yet unwilling to go "short" of the market until the speculation in May contracts is ended.

Those who think prices are too low are yet unwilling to buy (in view of the large visible and invisible supply) until more definite information is had in reference to the acreage of the new crop, for they justly think that an advance due to manipulation of May contracts could not be maintained should there be no reduction in acreage.

If trade conditions were undeniably good in Europe and America the present stocks of cotton in the world would not be an obstacle to a material advance in prices, but while the British spinners have consumed more cotton than last year, and are doing a fairly active business, the cotton industry in England is not at present prosperous, and has not been so for several seasons. British manufacturers depend largely upon the export business. India has taken from Great Britain a large share of the trade of China and other Eastern countries, and the long strike in Lancashire (lasting near five months) diverted to the Continent a great deal of business which the British mills have not been able to regain.

The Continent mills having a home market for the greater part of their production are doing an active and profitable business and it is reasonable to expect that their consumption of cotton will continue to increase, but they hold large stocks of cotton and should prices advance they would be in a position to withdraw from the market.

American spinners are doing much better than a year ago, but it cannot be said that there is any "boom" in cotton manufactures. The mills are simply doing a good business compared with the very dull business of last year and they are doing it upon comparatively moderate profits. As they hold full stocks of cotton they would probably hesitate to follow any material advance unless a corresponding advance could be secured for goods, and it is not easy to put up the prices of goods except upon an active demand.

While cotton may be temporarily advanced by the speculation in May contracts it does not seem to me at all probable that any advance of consequence can be maintained until the fact of a very considerable reduction in cotton acreage is actually known and accepted by the trade.

It is true that unfavorable weather for the crop would have a stimulating effect upon prices, but unfavorable conditions prior to May 15th can be fully compensated for by favorable conditions after that time.

An early peace between China and Japan would doubtless cause a further advance in silver and a better demand for goods and yarns and thus strengthen the cotton market, and should our cotton acreage be considerably reduced it is probable that a reasonable advance in May could not only be maintained but that unfavorable weather thereafter for the new crop would carry prices to a permanently higher plane.

ALFRED B. SHEPPERSON.
New York, April 4, 1895.

Patrons of Katz & Polvogt are requested to make their purchases before or after Good Friday, as their store will close on that day. †

Everybody that has tried the "Oriole" brand roasted coffee pronounce it the best for the money. †

AUDIT AND FINANCE.

Called Meeting—Bonds of City Officials Tendered—Action Upon City Clerk and Treasurer Rice's Bond Deferred—Contracts Approved—Communication Sent to the Board of Aldermen.

The Board of Audit and Finance met in called session yesterday afternoon. Present: Messrs. Wm. Calder (chairman) H. C. McQueen, C. W. Yates, Jos. H. Hanby, C. H. Ganzer.

The financial statement of City Clerk and Treasurer Fennell, by direction of the chairman, was read by the Clerk of the Board.

After the disposal of some routine business Chairman Calder stated he had received official notification of the appointment of Mr. F. B. Rice as city clerk and treasurer, and that Mr. Rice's bond would be considered. There were two bonds—one for $30,000, with the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Baltimore security, and the other for $10,000, with M. O'Brien, Emily Taylor and Ann M. Shober sureties. The bond of the Fidelity and Deposit Co. was read by the clerk.

After some discussion it was decided that the Board could not consider the bond until a certified copy of the statements upon which the bond is based had been furnished by the Fidelity and Deposit Company.

Mr. Rice, City Clerk and Treasurer elect, asked if the bond was not similar to one accepted by the Board for Mr. Fennell.

The chairman answered that this was not the question. The whole value of the bond is made upon the statement, and it is declared void if any part of said statement is incorrect.

Mr. Yates moved that consideration of the bond be deferred until a certified copy is furnished by the Fidelity and Deposit Company, under their seal, of the statement in writing relative to the duties, responsibilities, etc., of the employe (the clerk and treasurer) purported to be made by the employer (the city.) The motion prevailed.

On motion by Mr. Hanby, consideration of the $10,000 bond was also deferred.

Bond of Mr. Jno. R. Melton, Chief of Police, in the sum of $1,000, with L. Vollers and E. P. Bailey, sureties, was approved and accepted.

Bond of Jno. Cowan, Clerk of the Board of Audit and Finance, $300, with Jno. W. Atkinson and R. J. Jones sureties, was also accepted.

The contract for lighting the city, with the Wilmington Gas Light Company was, at the suggestion of the chairman laid aside until the budget was received from the Board of Aldermen.

The contract for printing, awarded to S. G. Hall, was approved. Also, contract for feeding and shoeing city mules, awarded to E. J. Jones. Also, contract for furnishing lumber, awarded to Fore & Foster. Also, contract for feeding prisoners awarded to Mrs. Sheehan.

The matter of contracting for cleaning, guttering and grading the streets was discussed. It was stated that the law required this work to be let out by contract to the lowest bidder. Further consideration was deferred until next meeting.

Chairman Calder said it had been intimated to him by the Mayor that the budget was nearly ready. He read the following, which, on motion, was adopted and ordered to be sent to the Board of Aldermen:

To the Honorable the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington:

It having been intimated to this Board that the annual budget of appropriations and the accompanying tax ordinance for the ensuing fiscal year, which you are required by law to submit to us for approval, is about ready for presentation, we desire without presuming to encroach upon the prerogatives of your honorable body, to respectfully remind you that the people who are to pay said taxes, while fully represented on this Board, and therefore protected so far as our powers go, have not got the representation upon your Board to which they are by law entitled, the three wards from which the very large majority of taxes are collected having only one-half of their usual delegation and being in an actual minority upon your board. Taxation without due representation being repugnant to American instincts and tradition, we respectfully suggest that the recommendations you may be pleased to make will naturally have more weight if they come to us endorsed by a full delegation of the representatives of all the people lawfully elected.

Mayor Fishblate, who was present, said the Board of Aldermen had agreed to fill the vacancies at a meeting to be held this week.

There being no other business, the chairman said the Board stands adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

Southern Mills Making Money.

In a letter to the *Manufacturers' Record* Mr. John Inman says: "Cotton mills in all parts of the South are working on full time, and are making money. Indeed, some of the large mills in which I personally own stock, are not only working full time, but are working night and day, using a double force of hands for this purpose, and, although they have advanced the price of their production, they still have more demand than they can supply. I predict that within five years South Carolina will have mills within her limits that will consume one-half of the cotton production of the State." Every word in this statement will apply to North Carolina, except that the day is not far distant when North Carolina mills will consume a great deal more cotton than is now produced in the State.

Again Afloat.

The American schooner *A. H. Cross*, which was driven ashore on Caswell beach in a gale last September, has been floated. The work was done under the direction of Mr. Louis Skinner. The schooner was imbedded in sand to a depth of eight feet, and the Davis Wrecking Co., of New Bedford, contracted with the owners to float the vessel, but abandoned it after expending several thousand dollars on the venture.

DEMOCRATS IN COUNCIL

MEETING OF STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Encouraging Reports from Different Parts of the State—Rep.-Pops. Caucus in Greensboro—Baptist Female University—Banquet at the Yarborough.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 10, 1895.

"Judge" Ewart and Hon. Thos. Settle are in the city. Both say there is no political significance attached to their visits here at this time. This is what politicians usually say. Mr. Ewart is an enthusiastic fusionist. He says fusion will be more complete in '96 than it was in '94. Pritchard, Ewart, Settle, Moody and a number of prominent Republicans had a political caucus in Greensboro the other day. Judging from what Mr. Ewart said, fusion would be complete. He said those in favor of a straight Republican ticket would yield to the continuance of fusion. He said: "It is our only hope." Mr. Ewart is confident of receiving the Judgeship.

The Trustees of the Baptist Female University had a meeting last night. They decided to let out the contract for the construction of buildings and to begin work immediately. The Trustees hope to complete the buildings in order to open the University by September next.

Billy McDaniel, whose death sentence was commuted last week by the Governor was brought to the Penitentiary to-day.

The banquet to "the men who did the work" in constructing the Confederate Monument given at the Yarborough last evening was a grand success. Among the speakers were Hon. Octavous Coke Secretary of State, Col. Wm. Cowan, the constructor of the monument; Capt. S. A. Ashe, Spier Whitaker, Maj. Hale of Fayetteville, Col. S. McD Tate, and Major Hayes U. S. A.

The interest in the city Democratic Convention which occurs Friday night is unabated. There are many rumors of combines, which cannot be verified.

The Democratic State Executive Committee met here last night. There was a full meeting, and encouraging reports were brought from different parts of the State. Mr. Walter R. Henry wrote a letter tendering his resignation as a member of the committee. It was accepted and Mr. G. S. Bradshaw, of Raleigh, was elected in his place. Mr. Jos. H. Loughran, of Asheville, was also elected a member, to succeed Mr. Chas. D. Blanton, deceased.

Dr. Blackwell and Maj. Chas. M. Stedman were added to the Central Committee. Some resolutions touching on a silver policy for the next campaign were introduced. The committee did not give out anything for publication. It is said that the registrars, who were established as inferior courts by the Legislature also came up for decision.

REVENUE MARINE SERVICE.

Board of Surgeons to Examine Revenue Cutter Officers—Forty are Ordered to Appear.

The Washington *Star* of the 9th says: "The President to-day ordered a board consisting of Surgeons George Purviance, H. W. Austin and H. R. Carter of the marine hospital service to convene at the Treasury Department next Friday morning "to examine and report upon all officers now in the revenue cutter service, who through no vicious habits of their own are now incapacitated by reason of infirmities of age or physical or mental disability, to efficiently perform the duties of their respective offices."

Forty officers have been ordered to examination, as follows: Captains Douglass Ottinger, Francis Martin, C. M. Scammon, J. A. Henriques, David Evans, D. L. Deane, Eric Gabrielson, W. S. Emmons, Thos. W. Lay, L. M. Keene and A. D. Littlefield, First Lieutenants, John Morrissey, George Walden, B. W. Loring, Thos. Mason, Robt. Barstow and J. M. Simms. Second Lieutenants, T. W. Benham, Samuel Howard and J. L. Davis. Third Lieutenant Robert Henderson, Chief Engineers F. H. Pulsifer, Eugene Vallat, A. L. Harrison, J. T. Wayson, W. C. Wheeler, J. M. McDougall, J. M. Case, M. D. L. Dinsmore, Alfred Hoyt, E. F. Hedden, G. M. Robinson, First Assistant Engineers M. G. Marsilliot, J. T. Keleher, Jas. Fitzpatrick, C. F. Dyce, W. H. Warren and Alex. Dennett, Second Assistant Engineers H. G. Henshaw and O. N. Turner.

These officers are all on waiting orders and supposed to be disabled. Whether or not this is so will be established by the proposed examination of their physical condition.

As a result of the proposed examination, the officers found unfit for further active service will be placed permanently on waiting orders list, with half the active duty pay. The vacancies occasioned by these retirements will be filled at once by promotions from the next lower grade. Promotions will be made by seniority, provided, of course, the officers first in line are found qualified for the advancement.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Will Be Closed

TO-MORROW, GOOD FRIDAY. Our place of business will be closed and we would ask that our patrons send in their orders to-day.

ap 11 1t HOLMES & WALTERS.

Lost or Mislaid,

A PACKAGE OF NOTES, DUE BILLS, &c. The public are cautioned against trading for any accounts due me.

Liberal reward will be paid for the return of the package to

D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.
ap 11 3t

Spanish Peanuts.

100 bushels Spanish Peanuts.
300 pounds N. C. Hams.
50 boxes 3-Thistle Snuff.
200 boxes R. R. Snuff.

Consignments Naval Stores, Cotton and country produce have careful and prompt attention.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.
ap 11 tf D&W

North Carolina Hams.

We have some fine ones which we offer low in lots to suit.

VISITING MERCHANTS

should see our goods and prices before buying GROCERIES.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

ap 11 D&W tf

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street.

CASH HOUSE,

THAT WE BELIEVE IN QUICK SALES IS PROVED BY

These Quotations For New Goods.

Here are New Goods at Prices That Challenge All.

These Prices Talk---Goods Without Exception New.

100 pair Kid Gloves, regular price $1 to $1.50, our price 75c.

200 S. C. Corsets, Boned throughout, worth $1.45, our price 98c.

Successful business cannot be done with eyes half closed. Honorable competition stimulates to greater efforts. 'Tis the triumph over difficulties that makes success—the battle and the victory. The pleasure of the victory is worth the battle.

Ready for business, we propose to keep awake! Let each year score an advance. Year past shows no backward steps. Profits may not have equalled expectations, but we have no fault to find with sales. Efforts will not be wanting to show that we are alive.

This is how we discourage competition in

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

$1.25 Colored French Crepons—The handsomest and most complete line of imported French Crepons in town; we have them in Grays and Blacks. We will offer a special value for the coming week at 75c.

Wide all-wool Silk striped Challies, in neat and handsome colorings for the coming season; usual price 40c, at 39c.

40 inch All-wool Henriettas in all the latest Spring colors; extraordinary value, really worth 60c, at 39c.

40-inch All-wool Cheviots, just the thing for Spring and Summer wear; worth 65c, at 39c.

54-inch all-wool Mixed Broadcloths, in handsome tans and browns; worth 85c, at 59c.

40-inch Real Storm Serges, in Navy and Dark Blue, all pure wool; exceptional value, really worth 65c, at 39c.

Mixed Silk and Wool Cheviots, worth $1.25, for 89c.

48-inch Imported All-Wool Storm Serges, in an exceptionally fine quality, in handsome Navy and Dark Blues; worth 85c, at 59.c

40-inch English Shepherd Plaid in Black and White; very handsome fabrics, usually sold for 60c, at 39.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

46-inch Pure Wool Surah Serge, in a splendid quallty Lyons Dye; worth 1.00, at 59c.

46-inch Hindoo Serge, in a splendid quality; made from the finest wool; worth 1.25, at 98c.

40-inch French Crepons, in the latest weaves; worth 1.25 at 75c.

46-inch Silk Finish Henrietta, in a rich black and a fine quality; worth 1.00, at 63c.

40-inch Lyons Dyed Princess Suiting, in a heavy twill and a superior quality; worth 1.25, at 85c.

38-inch Brillantine, with woven dots and sprays and French Surah, with Broche effects; worth 75c, at 39c.

A new importation of French Novelty Crepons, in Silk and Wool and Mohair and Wool, in ten different styles.

38-inch Silk Finished Henrietta, in rich Black Jet, value 35c, special this week 19c.

Our bargain offerings in Silks are not spasmodic, not sometimes fair, sometimes good—but always good; that's why we do such an immense trade in

SILKS.

Fancy Taffeta, Shaded and two-toned effects, hair lines and checks and floral designs; worth 89c at 59c.

Broche Taffetas in new designs and chintz colorings, a choice fabric for waists; worth 1.25, at 98c.

Taffeta and Satin Duchess, grounds in colors with fancy figures and brocaded effects; worth 1.00, at 75c.

Japanese Habutai Washable Silks in a very choice assortment of all-width stripes at 75c.

BLACK SILKS

22-inch all-Silk Surah in a high lustre worth 50c, at 49c.

All-Silk Taffeta in a rich lustre and a strong and durable quality; worth 1.00 at 75c.

23-inch Bronche Taffeta, in choice designs; worth 1.25 at 85c.

27-inch High Lustre Japanese Habutai, in a most desirable quality; all solid colors; worth 85c. our price 49c.

Brocaded Satin Duchess, in new designs, also plain; each worth 1.25 at 85c.

All-Silk Moire Francaise, Pekin Satin, Faille Francaise, Armures and Cashmere Gros Grain, all in splendid qualities; fully worth 1.50 at 1.00

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street,

Eligibly Situated

Property for Sale at Auction.

On Monday, 15th inst., at 12 o'clock M., we will sell at public Auction at the Court House door in this city, the following mentioned and described real estate, situated on the North side of Princess street 49 ft Westwardly from Front street, the same being a brick building containing 9 rooms, now used as offices and Telephone Exchange. Size of lot 47x66 ft.

Brick building situated upon the S. E. intersection of Princess and North Water streets, containing two stores on Water street, and one on Princess street, with 4 offices on second floor. Size of lot 49x73 ft.

Terms: One-fifth cash, balance upon a credit of 1, 2, and 3 years, with interest at 6 per cent., said interest payable semi-annually. Buildings insured and policies transferred. Deferred payments to be secured by Mortgage, to be paid for by the purchaser, as well as fees and registration of the same.

CRONLY & MORRIS, Auctioneers.
Wilmington, N. C., April 7, 1895. till 15th

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year; $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents per month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 00; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 11.

THIS COUNTRY CAN LEAD.

A few days ago we reproduced in an editorial a remarkable prophecy of Wm. H. Seward, made in the United States Senate in 1852, in reference to the conspicuous place the countries on and in the Pacific were destined to take in the world's progress. Much of that prophecy has already been fulfilled, and much more of it will be fulfilled within a decade from this time.

It had more especial reference to the countries upon the American side of the Pacific, and only incidentally referred to the part the countries on the other side, teeming with their millions of people, might play in it. But they have been playing it some, and one of them has been playing a heroic part. When Mr. Seward spoke he knew but little of Japan, that marvellous nation, which after a sleep of many centuries suddenly awoke, rubbed the cobwebs from her eyes and bounded to the front among the nations of the earth, one of the most ancient and exclusive of nations, which had kept her gates hermetically sealed, as it were, for all time before against the nations of the earth, suddenly becoming the most progressive of nations In this respect she stands alone, peculiar and unparalleled by any nation, of any age.

Mr. Seward could not have foreseen the part this wonderful nation was to play in the progress of that side of the Pacific, but in one generation she has done more for the progress of humanity within her sphere of influence than was done in all the ages that preceded since the waters of the flood subsided. When she crossed the dividing waters and with her brave soldiers carried war into the midst of China's 400,000,000 of people and smote the vain-glorious, rotten personification of despotic stupidity on the brow and made it grovel in the dust and bawl for mercy she lifted Chinese manhood and made progress possible. It is said that one of the conditions of peace prescribed by Japan is that China shall open her gates to the machinery of the nations of the earth, which means that China shall become one of the nations of the earth and give her people a chance to become as other people and move along with the procession. Under the progressive inspiration or dictation of such a nation as Japan there are inestimable possibilities in even as moth-eaten a country as China.

But what is this to us? some one might ask. Much; very much, provided we realize it, and put ourselves in a position to take advantage of it. Politically we declared our independence of the "mother country" 119 years ago, but commercially and financially we never have. Financially we have permitted ourselves to be governed by European ideas, and England governs Europe. The brains that shape England's financial policies, dictate the financial policies of Europe, and we march to the tunes that English money-handlers whistle. That's what we have been doing most of the time, that's what we are doing now, and that's why we have discord amongst ourselves on the financial question, why our Treasury becomes embarrassed for gold, and why when it does we have to go upon the market as a borrower to get gold, much of which is dug from our own mines, and goes out to be hoarded abroad and sent back to us at a premium.

Why is this? Because, as we have said, we follow the lead of England in shaping our financial policies, and look to Europe as the only market for our trade, when there is a better and a broader market on the other side of the Pacific, where we could lead in finances as we could lead in trade.

Under the English dictation we have practically ostracized our silver, degraded it to the condition of a mere commercial commodity, and put gold up as the only metal to be honored as a true money metal. When we did that we stupidly took a back seat and turned the lines and whip over to England, and let her do the driving, which she has been doing ever since. She was anxious for our trade and if we bought from her more than we sold her we had to pay the difference in gold—her money—If she invested in enterprises in this country or in American securities, she must have the dividends or interest in gold and the principal when that became due. She ignored our silver, and thus $500,000,000 of our metallic currency became utterly worthless in our dealings with her and other nations which followed her lead in declaring for the supremacy of the yellow metal. The wealthiest nation in the world, she can control the world's volume of gold coin, and make other nations which must have it look to her for it.

Are we always to play second to England and submissively walk in the path she points out? Should we do this when we can look across the Pacific and see 800,000,000 of people, anxious to trade with us, whose money is silver, who would welcome the money that England will not open her trade marts to? If we did that; if we bored a water-way through the narrow barrier that separates the waters of the Pacific and Atlantic, at the isthmus, and sought our trade in these waters, in the countries on both sides, all of which are silver using countries, it would not be long before England would be forced to cease worshipping the golden idol and recognize silver as a matter of self preservation. She will never do it until she is forced to do it. And that is the way to force her. She has led or driven us; we can lead or drive her if we will.

MINOR MENTION.

The Raleigh *Visitor* informs us that Messrs. Jones and Foster, extensive growers of hops in the State of New York, are now in Raleigh with a view to making experiments in hop-growing in Eastern, Central and Western North Carolina, the intention being to engage largely in the business in that section where the experiments prove the most satisfactory. Experiments which have been made in Rockingham county have given good results, and it is proposed now to carry them on over a wider range. Mr. Jones visited this State a year or so ago on the same mission and was favorably impressed with the surveys and investigations he then made. There is little doubt that hop-culture will succeed in this State, for they may be found growing luxuriantly here and there in almost every part of it, but whether they can be grown profitably for market is the question to be determined. The industry is largely and successfully carried on in New York State, and very largely in California, where they have the advantage of cheap Chinese and Indian labor in the picking season, which is a matter of much importance as bearing on the cost of cultivating and marketing, as the hops have to be picked by hand like cotton. At one time it was a leading industry in Wisconsin and other Western States, but it was taken up as a craze, run into the ground by overproduction until the hops would not pay the cost of picking and marketing, and abandoned finally, we believe, altogether. But Messrs. Jones & Foster doubtless know what they are doing.

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The President's Private Secretary contradicts the report given out by a Washington paper that the President was in receipt of many letters and telegrams urging him to call an extra session of Congress to repeal the income tax law. We have no doubt that he would be overwhelmed with appeals of that kind if there was any ground to believe that he would be influenced by them, but Mr. Cleveland has had experience enough with the Congresses not to call them in extra session unless the emergency be of much more importance than the repeal of what there is left of this income tax law, the kernel of which was scooped out by the recent decision of the Supreme Court. There will not be any extra session for this purpose, nor likely for any other, but it is not at all improbable that this decision will result in the repeal of the law, the prime object of which was to raise revenue by taxing wealth which, it was claimed, and justly, had not borne its fair proportion of taxation for the support of the Government. Under this decision the number of income tax-payers may become so small and the revenue from this source so insignificant that there would be really no use in keeping it on the statute books. To escape the tax all the recipient of a $4,000 income has to do is to invest his earnings in real estate or in Government, State or municipal bonds, and let the income tax collector whistle.

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Telegraphic announcement was made yesterday that the Edgar Thompson foundry and machine works at Mobile, Ala., had been awarded the contract for castings for a marine railway at Halifax, Nova Scotia, having underbid other competing establishments in the United States and in England. That scores one more victory for the Alabama iron men, who have on several previous occasions secured important contracts, bidding against the world. We don't know what the extent of this contract is, but the presumption is that it amounts to something when both American and English establishments competed for it, but whether it be large or small, the fact that a Mobile firm won the prize, again draws attention to the South as an iron-manufacturing section and is a splendid advertisement for Alabama iron works. It draws attention to another fact, and that is the possibilities of the iron-manufacturing industry in our Southern seacoast cities where they have the advantage of cheap raw material from our own mines and cheap all-water transportation for their manufactures. This latter fact had in all probability something to do with the bid made by these Mobile works which secured them the contract over other competitors at home and abroad. With untaxed imported ores, which it is sometimes necessary to work with our native ores, some of our Southern seacoast cities might become great iron and steel manufacturing centers.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Governor McKinley's attitude on the financial question is that of a man who regards one thing at a time as sufficient, especially when that one thing is the tariff.—*Washington Star, Dem.*

—— Germany's espousal of the French side of the Niger controversy with England accounts readily for the calmly confident tone of Minister Hanotaux in discussing England's recent outburst of belligerency. It is likely to have a similar effect upon Mr. Bull. He will roar much more gently over the provocation than he did last week.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Dem.*

—— St. Petersburg cablegrams say that the "strong military tone" of the Kaiser's recent speeches has produced an unfavorable impression in Russia. But the Kaiser's speeches are no stronger than they have always been, and the world at large is beginning to understand that a military tone after dinner may not mean much except wine after all.—*New York World, Dem.*

—— How did the American Colonies succeed in gaining their independence? By the assistance of France. How did the United States afterwards acquire possession of Louisiana, Florida, and a large part of Mexico? Think of these matters before you come to the conclusion that Uncle Sam does not need any more "outlying dependencies." In diplomacy, no man can tell what a day may bring forth.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

-- Salisbury *Herald*: Capt. Dick Eames came up from Albemarle this morning, bringing along with him that seven-pound nugget of gold found yesterday. Those who saw it say it is a beauty.

— Raleigh *Visitor*: Deputy collectors Davis, Smith, Shelburn and Moffitt report the seizure of three illicit distilleries in Guilford, Wilson and Randolph counties. These ranged in capacity from forty to 80 gallons. No moonshiners were arrested.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The death of Mr. W. E. Lewis, until recently a citizen of Goldsboro, occurred Sunday evening at 7 30 o'clock, at the home of Mr. F. M. Musgrave, near Black Creek, from the effects of a chill. He was about 50 years of age.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Mr. Susan Carter, of Sandy Grove, Caswell county, met with a horrible death last week. While she was alone in the house, her husband being out on the farm, she fell in the fire and was horribly burned. When her husband reached the house she was dead. It is supposed she had a fainting spell and fell in the fire.

— Newbern *Journal*: Mr. Alonzo Thomas Jerkens, one of Newbern's most respected and aged citizens, died Sunday afternoon at ten minutes to five o clock. The deceased would have been 88 years old next June. —— Miss Julia Taylor, a lady who lived by herself on East Front street, came to her death suddenly about 12 o'clock Saturday night from being frightened by a burglar.

— Carthage *Blade*: We regret to chronicle the death of Mr. Duncan Muse, which occurred last Tuesday night of la grippe, in the 43d year of his age. —— Miss Lydia Muse died last Friday at the residence of Mr. D. C. Muse, near Cole's Mills, of la grippe. She was a very old woman. —— In our last issue we neglected to mention the burning of Adam Tyson's dwelling and contents two weeks ago. His loss was about $2,500.

— Charlotte *News*: Pat Muogo who was in the city to-day, reports that there is a good deal of activity in the gold fields of Clear Creek township. Gold mining is going on actively, and there are now in Clear Creek two Colorado miners who expect to invest in a mine.——When the corner stone of Little Rock (colored) church, on Seventh and Myers streets was laid, some nomey representing paper issue and silver comage was put in the receptacle, along with a Bible, hymn book and other articles. Last night thieves picked out the corner stone, broke open the box and stole the money. They left the Bible and hymn book.

TWINKLINGS

— Carleton—What happened when the mouse ran across the floor—did she faint?

Montauk—Great Scot, no; don't you know she's a widow?—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

— Mabel—"I always refuse a man permission to kiss me."

Ada—"Why?"

Mabel—"Because, then he is more anxious to."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— She—So the Count's relatives consider it a mesalliance?"

He—Decidedly. The girl has only a quarter of a million, and the Count owes three times as much as that. *Judge.*

— "Been getting up a new mud guard," said the inventive boarder.

"Might I ask," inquired the cheerful idiot, "whether it is to be applied to bicycles or candidates?"—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Mrs. Rash—"How do you manage to get your cook up so early?"

Mrs. Dash—"Well, I hunted up a young and good looking milk-man and hired him to come at 5 o'clock."—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

—The wife—One-half of the world doesn't know how the other half lives The husband—Well, it isn't the fault of your sewing society, anyway.—*Life.*

— Clara—How under the sun did Ethel happen to marry Mr. Awkward? Dora—He was the bane of her life at every ball she attended, and I presume she married him to keep him from wanting to dance with her.—*N. Y. Weekly.*

THAT IRON CROWN.

IT RESTS ON A VELVET CUSHION IN THE CATHEDRAL AT MONZA.

It Was Used In Crowning Thirty-four Monarchs—Conflicting Stories of Its Origin and Career—Other Treasures Guarded In the Church at Monza.

"Let no other hand dare to touch it," said Napoleon as he placed the iron crown upon his brow.

It seems to have been a weakness of the great Napoleon to crown himself, for he also performed the act in the Cathedral of Notre Dame at Paris. In the one instance he rudely repulsed a bishop, and in the other a pope, who were about to place a crown upon his head.

The mystery of the origin of the iron crown, the interesting history connected with it, the noble—and ignoble—heads it has adorned, all make it an object of importance.

Now, after crowning 34 monarchs, it rests on a velvet cushion in a glass case in the cathedral at Monza, locked and sealed and guarded. Only by the payment of $1 can the curious obtain even a glimpse of it. It is composed of six quadrangular pieces of gold united by hinges and is adorned with 22 gems of various colors and 24 enameled jewels. Lining the inner part is the much disputed strip of iron. The popular tradition that this strip is made out of a nail from the true cross is gradually becoming disbelieved, although the clergy still maintain the right of the strip to be considered holy.

The story is that Helena, the mother of Constantine, found the nails with which Christ was crucified, and of one of them made a horseshoe and of the other a diadem. The diadem, all of gold, but lined in the interior with a thin strip of iron, was given by Pope Gregory the Great to Theodolinda, and by her to the Church of San Giovanni Battista, which she had founded at Monza. There is another crown in the church given by Theodolinda and called for her, but as it is of gold and makes no claim to being holy, being simply a votive offering, no particular interest attaches to it.

Some writers say that the nail was not placed in the iron crown, but in the helm of Constantine; that the lining strip of iron is simply a band to hold the inflexible crown in shape. It is only since 1717 that the crown has been considered a sacred relic, and discussions and suppositions have been advanced in regard to it. It is not mentioned in the reign of Theodolinda, nor until some centuries afterward. Those who oppose the idea that the lining strip of iron is the holy nail say that if it was, the Milanese would have resented with the sword the calling of it a crown of straw, as did Rafael Toscana in his verses:

With iron here (in Milan) they encircle the brow,
With straw in Monza and with glittering gold in Rome.

There were other iron crowns in the history of the past, among them one made for Henry VII, in the form of a garland of laurels, ornamented with rich and precious stones, but all of these have been lost or stolen, so that the one at Monza alone remains.

Between the years of 1859 and 1866 the iron crown was absent from the little velvet cushion in Monza. It was carried off by the Austrians, but was returned in 1866 to the king of Italy. The portraits of all the kings who have worn this crown are also preserved in the cathedral at Monza. The last three were Charles V, at Bologna in 1530; Napoleon, May 26, 1805, in the famous pinnacled cathedral at Milan, and in the same place Ferdinand I, Sept. 6, 1838.

There are other treasures guarded in the church at Monza—chalices and holy vases, gems and crowns of silver and gold. These are venerated and worshiped, and many of them have been there since the time of Theodolinda but others have been placed there at different times by the Lombardian sovereigns. There was formerly a crown in the church that had been given as a votive offering by Agilulfo, the husband of Theodolinda. It contained the inscription, "Agilulfo, by the grace of God, glorious man and king of Italy, offering to San Giovanni in the church of Monza." The inscription was noteworthy because in it was used for the first time the words "gratia Dei" (by the grace of God), which have since been adopted by all the sovereigns. This crown was melted and sold in 1804, the year before Napoleon was crowned with the iron crown.

Napoleon founded an order of knighthood and called it the Order of Iron Crown.

Monza, the sleepy old town containing the cathedral that guards this historic crown, lies in the shadow of the Alps. Looking toward them one sees the snow glistening on their peaks. Turning in the opposite direction the pinnacles of Milan's cathedral can be seen white and shining in the sunlight, while above the sky is blue, and at one's feet flows the peaceful Lambro. It is a scene of quiet beauty and suggests no thoughts of stormy times and great revolutions, and yet such have taken place in and about Monza. In late years many momentous questions of state have been settled here.—Chicago Record.

If the Rope Broke.

A visitor to Niagara once got a reply which was by no means the answer he expected. He was watching the car start which is raised or lowered on the inclined plane by steam power, but, not liking the look of the track, did not go down himself. After the car had started he turned to the man in charge and said, "Suppose, sir, that the rope should break?" The visitor was thinking of possible danger; the man only thought of business, and replied, "Oh, they all paid before they went," which was not quite so soothing an answer as the querist might naturally have expected.—Cornhill Magazine.

Woman Was Made From an Elm Stick.

In the Scandinavian myth of the origin of woman, Odin, Vill and Ve, the three sons of Bor, were walking along the seabeach, when they found two sticks of wood, one of ash and one of elm. Odin and his brothers were gods, of course, but the sight of the stick caused them to wish that they could carve other gods from the inanimate wood. They forthwith set about the task, with the result that they made a living man out of the ash stick, and a female, being in godlike form, equally as lively as the man, out of the elm billet. —St. Louis Republic.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

A LEAP AND A RESCUE.

How a Tramp Saved a Railroad Train and What Came of It.

Extra Wallace, west bound, reached Emerson at 10 p. m. June 16, 1878. In switching out a car the forward brakeman was so badly injured that we left him for surgical treatment. I was braking behind. From Emerson to Chauncey, 12 miles, is up grade, and as Conductor Wallace had gone over to the engine I was left alone on the rear. The moon shone brightly, and I noticed a number of tramps riding out on top. We had almost reached the summit and the night express was only 15 minutes behind us when suddenly the speed slackened. The caboose, two cars of telegraph poles and three of cinders had broken off. I was standing on the load of poles and started for a brake when one of the poles became loosened from its position and rolled on my foot. I struggled desperately to free myself, for the cars had started backward.

I thought of the express with her cargo of precious lives and struggled again. I seemed to hear the crash, the shrieks and groans of the dying, the curses and prayers. Minutes were years, and I grew old in the awful suspense. Then I heard a whistle and saw our front end following down the hill. On the leading car the conductor was swinging a back up signal, while the whistle blew a wild warning for No. 7. Faster and faster spun the wheels, and slowly, but surely, was the runaway overtaken.

I held my breath.

Only 20 feet.

A form shot out over the chasm, swung in clear relief for an instant against the sky and then dropped safely on board the car of cinders. At the same moment the conductor gave a stop signal, and the gap widened.

Well timed it was, for given a second sooner and the leap would have been impossible; later, and a collision unavoidable.

In a short time every brake was set, and as we slowed down I shrieked frantically: "Flag No. 7! Take a red light and flag the express!"

He understood and obeyed without a word. Fortunately or providentially, they were late, and he got back far enough to stop them. I was unconscious when at last released. My foot was badly crushed, and it was many weeks before I was again able to report for duty. As for our hero, he proved to be one of the tramps I had noticed and had volunteered for his dangerous task. When the superintendent, who was on No. 7, learned the circumstances, he offered him a position as brakeman, promising him advancement as he proved his ability. That was the beginning. Today he is a prominent general manager, and his name is a recognized power in the railroad world.—Chicago Record.

PENGUINS FEEDING.

The Transformation That Takes Place When They Enter the Water.

The appearance of the keeper, with his pail of live gudgeon, is the signal for sudden and intense excitement in the cages. The penguins wave their little flippers and waddle to the door, whence they peer eagerly down the wooden steps leading to the pool. The cormorant croaks and sways from side to side, and the darters poise their snaky heads and spread their batlike wings. At the water's edge the penguins do not launch themselves upon the surface like other waterfowl, but instantly plunge beneath.

Once below water an astonishing change takes place. The slow, ungainly bird is transferred into a swift and brilliant creature, beaded with globules of quicksilver, where the air clings to the close feathers, and flying through the clear and waveless depths with arrowy speed and powers of turning far greater than in any known form of aerial flight. The rapid and steady strokes of the wings are exactly similar to those of the air birds, while its feet float straight out level with the body, unused for propulsion, or even as rudders, and as little needed in its progress as those of a wild duck when on the wing.

The twists and turns necessary to follow the active little fish are made wholly by the strokes of one wing and the cessation of movement in the other, and the fish are chased, caught and swallowed without the slightest relaxation of speed in a submarine flight which is quite as rapid as that of most birds which take their prey in midair. In less than two minutes some 30 gudgeon are caught and swallowed below water, the only appearance of the birds on the surface being made by one or two bounds from the depths, when the head and shoulders leap above the surface for a second and then disappear.

Any attempt to remain on the surface leads to ludicrous splashing and confusion, for the submarine bird cannot float. It can only fly below the surface. Immediately the meal is finished both penguins scramble out of the water and shuffle, with round backs and drooping wings, back to their cage to dry and digest.—Spectator.

Frozen Milk.

The French industry of icing milk is an original departure in tinned commodities. The milk is frozen and placed in block form in tins and on the part of the purchaser requires to be melted previous to use. Being hermetically sealed, the commodity thus iced preserves its form until it is required, when a minute's exposure to the sun's rays or to the heat of the fire is all that is necessary to reduce it to a liquid condition.—Baltimore Sun.

To Remove Ink Stains.

Ink stains on carpets or woolen goods can be removed while they are fresh by taking common baking soda or saleratus, rubbing it well into the spots and then rinsing with warm water. The same process will remove dried ink spots from cotton goods if the spot has not been wet with water before the saleratus is applied.—Jewelers' Circular.

Why She Did.

Husband—For heaven's sake, what makes you talk so much?

Wife (pleasantly)—You do, love. I have to keep talking so you will not have so many opportunities to say rude things.—Detroit Free Press.

You Don't Have to Swear Off

Says the St. Louis *Journal of Agriculture* in an editorial about No-To-Bac, the famous tobacco habit cure. "We know of many cases cured by No-To-Bac, one, a prominent St. Louis architect, smoked and chewed for twenty years; two boxes cured him so that even the smell of tobacco makes him sick." No-To-Bac sold and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY & CO. No cure no pay. Book free. Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

You Will never need another dose of Dyspepsia Medicine after a meal, if your food is cooked with Cottolene, the new vegetable shortening, instead of lard. Cottolene aids the digestive powers—lard destroys them, which will you choose? The genuine Cottolene is identified by this trade mark—steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every pail.

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO.

nov 6 tf tu th sa chsnz

GERMAN ARMY MARRIAGE.

Officers May Not Wed Without the Consent of Their Superiors.

No German officer can marry without the consent of his colonel, according to Poultney Bigelow in "The Borderland of Czar and Kaiser," and this consent can be obtained only after a careful inquiry into all the circumstances surrounding the proposed alliance. First, is the young lady suitable for association with the wives of the other officers? Second, will the bridegroom be able to live respectably and bring up his family? Third, are his means, or those of his wife, invested in proper securities, so that he is not liable to be expelled by reason of bankruptcy? The extraordinary social advantages enjoyed by the German officer and the pecuniary responsibility growing naturally from such advantages make his small pay, which amounts only to about $1 a day in case of a first lieutenant, appear even smaller than it is.

An American lady who had been spending a winter in Dresden told Mr. Bigelow that all the bachelors of the garrison were furnished with a list of marriageable women, each name ornamented with the property she might be expected to inherit. This no doubt was a mistake on her part, but it is a very common one. German officers stationed in desirable towns are very apt to get into debt and have to choose between leaving the army in disgrace or marrying a rich girl.

Mr. Bigelow adds: "From my own experience in Germany the officers would appear to have married for love and to be happy in consequence," and yet "the number of those who get into debt and fail to secure a rich wife is considerable, although it makes no particular ripple in the surface. Such men simply disappear and turn up sooner or later in America, where they take employment as coachmen, waiters, teachers or instructors in riding schools. The change of life is very violent and is adopted only as preferable to suicide."

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the Star will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute		6
Standard	7¼@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	9½@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb	@	8½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	6½@	7
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@	
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New Cargo, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	@	30
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	11 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	25
CORN MEAL—		95
Per bushel, in sacks	@	48
Virginia Meal	46 @	5
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	@	70
CANDLES—₩ lb		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—₩ lb		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—		25
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	19
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	10 @	
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50 @	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
FLOUR—₩ barrel—		
Western, low grade	2 60 @	3 50
" Extra	3 75 @	4 25
" Straight	3 25 @	
Second Patent	3 80 @	
First Patent	4 25 @	4 50
City Mills—Super	@	2 50
" " Family	3 25 @	
GLUE—₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	53@	
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	50
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	50
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	50
Cow Peas	@	70
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	4
Dry	@	8½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	2½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	6½@	9@
North Carolina	6½@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	28
" " in bbls	@	30
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" " in bbls	@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds	@	14
" " in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	35 @	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@	1 15
PORK, ₩ bar		
City Mess	@18	50
Rump	@13	00
Prime	@13	00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	22
SALT, ₩ sack	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	
American	@	65
28-lb ₩ Sacks	45 @	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	3 00 @	3 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granul'd	@	4½
Standard A	@	4½
White Ex C	@	4½
Extra C, Golden	@	4
C, Yellow	@	3½
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W O, Barrel	8 00 @	14
R O, Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	@	13 00
Mill, Prime	8 00 @	9 50
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	7 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	4 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	3 @	3½
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14 @	16
Clear of burr	10 @	12
Burry		7

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 10.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. bid for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at 95 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 20 for Hard, $1 90 for Yellow Dip and $2 50 for Virgin.

COTTON—Dull.

Ordinary	3½	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	4⅝	" "
Low Middling	5 7-16	" "
Middling	5⅝	" "
Good Middling	5 13-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	00 bales
Spirits Turpentine	10 casks
Rosin	49 bbls
Tar	25 bbls
Crude Turpentine	00 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 10—Evening—Money on call was easy at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2½ per cent., and closing offered at 2½ cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange dull, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼@488¾ for sixty days and 489¼@489½ for demand. Commercial bills 487¼@487¾. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 112; United States twos 95. State bonds higher; North Carolina fours 109; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day sold at 67 for three ounces.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK April 10—Evening. Cotton quiet; middling gulf 6¾c, middling uplands 6¾c.

Futures closed firm, with sales of 211,900 bales; April 6 43c; May 6.45c; June 6.43c; July 6.46c; August 6 48; September 6.50c; October 6.54c; November 6 58c; December 6 62c, January 6.67c

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 3,848 bales; exports to Great Britain 2 332 bales; exports to France —— bales, exports to the Continent 551 bales; forwarded 929 bales; sales 33 bales, all to spinners; stock (actual) 382,789 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 8,081 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,594 bales; exports to France —— bales; exports to the Continent 5,985 bales; stock 846,079 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 69,940 bales; exports to Great Britain 24,954 bales; to France 1,074 bales; to the Continent 39,934 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,460,683 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,933,467 bales; exports to France 714,245 bales; exports to the Continent 2,102,860 bales.

Flour dull and held firmly at prices; winter wheat, low grades $1 90@$2 30; fair to fancy grades $2 35@2 90; patents $2 75@3 40; Minnesota clear $2 40@2 90; do. patents $2 25@4 00; low extras $1 90@2 30; city mills $3 35@3 40; Southern flour dull and firm, common to fair extra $1 90@2 75; good to choice do. $2 80@3 25. Wheat dull, firm and ½c higher; No 2 red in store and at elevator 60¼@60½c; afloat 61¾@62c; options were moderately active and irregular at unchanged prices to ½c advance, with only a local trade and speculation holding off for the Government report, July and May were most active; No. 2 red May 60¾c; June 60¾c; July 60¾c; August 61½; September 61¾c; December 63¾c. Corn dull, scarce and firm; No. 2 at elevator 56c; afloat 57½c; ungraded mixed; steamer mixed 50@50¾; options ruled dull and closed steady at unchanged prices to ½c advance, with trading chiefly scalping and switching; May was most active; May 50¾c, July 50¾c; September 51¼c. Oats dull and firm; options dull and easier; April and May 33¾c; July 33½c; spot—No. 2, 33¾@33c; No. 2 white 36¾@36¾c; mixed Western 33@34c. Wool firm and demand moderate; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@38c. Beef quiet and firm; family $10 00@12 00; extra mess $8 00@8 50; beef hams firm at $19 50; tierced beef firm; city extra India mess $15 00@18 00. Cut meats firmer, with a better demand; pickled bellies 7c; pickled shoulders 6c; pickled hams 9¼@9¾c; middles firmer; short clear $7 07½. Lard quiet, firmer;

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural**. **Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

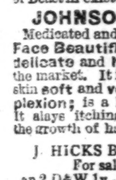
Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.



JOHNSON'S MAGNETIC OIL! Instant Killer of Pain. Internal and External. Cures RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Stiff Joints, COLIC and CRAMPS instantly. Cholera Morbus, Croup, Diptheria, Sore Throat, HEADACHE, as if by magic.

THE HORSE BRAND, Especially prepared for Stock, Double Strength, the most Powerful and Penetrating Liniment for Man or Beast in existence. Large $1 size 75c., 50c. size 40c.

JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP. Medicated and Toilet. The Great Skin Cure and Face Beautifier. Ladies will find it the most delicate and highly perfumed Toilet Soap on the market. It is absolutely pure. Makes the skin soft and velvety and restores the lost complexion; is a luxury for the Bath for Infants. It alays itching, cleanses the scalp and promotes the growth of hair. Price 25c. For sale by

J. HICKS BUNTING, Y. M. C. A. Building. For sale by JOHN H. HARDIN, Wilmington N. C.

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A LADY'S TOILET Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

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FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability**. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

'TWAS WINTER TIME.

A rose, a rose, a rich red rose
Upon my lady's breast,
Its petals large, its calyx deep,
Its stem with green leaves dressed.

'Tis rich with beauty, in color rare—
Oh, what a combination!—
The same as she whose smile on me
I see in adoration.

But the rose, the rose, the rich red rose
Which glows on her gown of gray
Is very scarce this time of year—
It cost my last week's pay.
—Minneapolis Times.

A MAN'S BEST IDEAS.

An Old Student Says They Come Into the Mind Unexpectedly.

Professor von Helmholtz, the great German scientist of imperishable fame, not long before his death gave an interesting review of his life work on the occasion of the celebration of his seventieth birthday, in which, among other things, he reveals some instructive features of his habits of study and the process by which he won his ideas as well as the time and manner in which it was his wont to commit the latter to paper: "As it has frequently been my lot to have to await in uncertainty the arrival of appropriate thoughts and conceptions, which then would break suddenly and unheralded upon me, I have just gained some experience in the management of these capricious ideas. This may be of utility to other students of like physiological temperament.

"The best ideas have often stolen silently into the current of my thoughts while the latter were not employed in seeking them. I know not by what process of unconscious cerebration they were evolved. I only knew that they were there. Nor could I at first fully estimate the importance of such unexpected but welcome visitors.

"These ideas never introduced themselves when my brain was tired and almost never at my writing table. I had first to turn my problem in all directions and envisage it from every side, and thereafter to consign it to my involuntary thoughts without even prematurely attempting to solve it within myself or committing my reflections to writing. Long and patient preliminary investigation was the unconditional prerequisite to success.

"No matter how urgent the necessity for action, I must always give my brain its time to relax from fatigue or strain and await the recurrence of a feeling of both physical and mental well being and contentment before writing for publication. My most valuable ideas have presented themselves in the morning on my awakening from a refreshing sleep, but the favorite period for them has been while I was seeking relaxation by roaming slowly over picturesque hills or through wooded parks in the bright sunlight. The slightest indulgence in alcoholic beverages sufficed to banish them from my grasp."—Baltimore Sun

HER MIRROR.

A Japanese Story of Its Influence on a Motherless Girl.

At Y. M. C. A. hall Yeataso Okano, a Japanese, told the following story to a large audience:

"Once upon a time there lived in a little hamlet in Japan a young couple. They had one child—a beautiful little girl whom both loved very dearly. It came to pass while the child was still a baby girl that the father was obliged to take a long journey to the far distant city. It was too far for him to take his wife and child, so he left them at home and traveled alone.

"In that great city he saw many new things which, having lived in the peaceful little hamlet up among the mountains all his life, he had never seen before. He desired to take home to his wife some of these new things which seemed to him so wonderful. And the most wonderful gift he could take, it seemed to him, was a mirror. He wished to take home to his wife the pleasure and surprise he had experienced when he first looked into a mirror. So he took one home to his wife.

"When he arrived home he gave the present to his wife, and for the first time she looked into a mirror. 'What do you see?' her husband asked. She replied: 'I declare! I see a very pretty woman. She wears her hair just as I do mine, and she smiles and moves her lips as if she were talking to me.' Her husband told her that the mirror was a present for her, and he hoped she would use it every day. But the wife thought it far too beautiful and rare and costly a gift to use every day, so she put it carefully away and never spoke about it to the little daughter, who grew more beautiful and more like her mother every day.

"By and by a great misfortune fell upon that little household. The wife and mother fell sick, and it was soon evident that she must die. As she lay upon her deathbed she called her little daughter to her and told her that she was going to lose her mother forever. She could point to no future life after death in which they should be reunited, but in the love and simplicity of her heart she did the best she could. She told her little daughter about the wonderful mirror. 'After I am dead,' she said, 'take down that box and look into the mirror that it contains. There you will see my face. And I want you to look into the mirror every day, that you may never forget your mother, and that you may grow like me more and more every day.'

"So the mother died. The little girl did as she had been told, and in the wonderful mirror she thought she saw her mother's face, young and beautiful—not as she had seen her, pale and ill as she lay dying, but fair and fresh as she had looked before the fatal illness. And the little girl looked into the mirror every day and thought of her mother and her many lovely ways, and so it came about that she grew to be more and more like her mother as the years went by."—Rochester Post-Express.

A Daring Trick.

"One of the most daring tricks I ever came across," said H. . Farrell, a New York attorney, "was in the case of a man who deliberately impersonated a lawyer's clerk and persuaded a very sick man to sign a will without reading it, and which disposed of his property in direct opposition to his wishes. It was a case of a family dispute, and the old gentleman, who was quite wealthy, had decided to disinherit his eldest son and leave the property to a younger one. Being warned by his doctor that he had only a day or two more to live, he sent instructions to his attorney to draft his will and send it down promptly for signature.

"While the lawyer was preparing the document a representative of the eldest son arrived with a paper, which he said was the will prepared by the sick man's attorney. The will was signed without hesitation and duly witnessed, and when two hours later the lawyer's clerk arrived with the genuine will he was not allowed to enter the house, being warned off the premises by the housekeeper. On his return to the office his employer saw at once that a fraud had been committed, and he hastened to the house to have it set right. In the meantime, however, the sick man had become unconscious, and he died without being able to execute a will after his own wishes. The bogus will was upset, but the fraud could never be sufficiently proved to convict the man suspected of concocting it, and he inherited quite a large sum of the money as next of kin."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

HYPNOTIC SINGING.

The Most Disputed Incident of "Trilby" Supported by Fact.

Among the many items apropos of Du Maurier's masterpiece not the least interesting is the closeness with which he stuck to the facts. One's first impression upon reading how Svengali taught Trilby to sing—how he hypnotized her and commanded her to imitate the sounds he made on his flexible flageolet—was no doubt that this at least was a flight of poetic license. It seems, however, to be well within the possibilities.

A case which in all essentials covers it was reported as long ago as 1850 by James Braid, the first of the successors of Mesmer to approach the hypnotic sleep from the side of science rather than of charlatanism. After speaking of the heightened sense of hearing under mesmerism and of the increase of muscular precision, they make, he says, "feats of phonic imitation" possible which are truly astonishing.

"Many patients will thus repeat accurately what is spoken in any language, and they may be also able to sing correctly and simultaneously both words and music of songs in any language which they had never heard before—i. e., they catch the words as well as music so instantaneously as to accompany the other singer as if both had been previously equally familiar with both words and music.

"In this manner a patient of mine who, when awake, knew not the grammar of even her own language, and who had very little knowledge of music, was enabled to follow Mlle. Jenny Lind correctly in songs in different languages, giving both words and music so correctly and so simultaneously with Jenny Lind that two parties in the room could not for some time imagine that there were two voices, so perfectly did they accord, both in musical tone and vocal pronunciation of Swiss, German and Italian songs. She was equally successful in accompanying Mlle. Lind in one of her extemporaneous effusions, which was long and extremely difficult, an elaborate chromatic exercise, which the celebrated cantatrice tried by way of taxing the powers of the somnambulist to the utmost. When awake, the girl durst not even attempt to do anything of the sort, and, after all, wonderful as it was, it was only phonic imitation, for she did not understand the meaning of a single word of the foreign language which she uttered so correctly."

This is exactly Trilby's case, only more so, except that there is nothing to indicate in the report that "the patient" remembered Jenny Lind's songs and could reproduce them, but the formation of a trance state memory is a sufficiently frequent phenomenon. The quotation is from Braid's "Observations on Trance," page 43.—New York Post.

Grecian Enterprise.

It is the way of travelers to complain of the food they are obliged to eat in foreign countries. Whether it is an American in Europe or a European in America, the result is much the same. We like the things to which we are accustomed. When Edmond About was in Greece, he carried matters so far as to object to eating green peaches. He was in the bazaar at Athens.

"Wouldn't it be possible to get some ripe peaches?" he asked the vender.

"I think not," answered the Athenian.

"But pray tell me why?"

"We have no good roads. If the farmers should try to bring ripe fruit to market on muleback, it would arrive in the shape of marmalade."

"But at Corfu also the peaches were green, and there they have good roads and bring the fruit to town in wagons."

"Ah, well," said the man, "there is another reason. The farmers have no money, and they have creditors. They can't wait for fruit to get ripe."

There, says About, you have a fair example of the state of Grecian agriculture.

A French gardener, being at Smyrna, noticed that the Greeks had almost no vegetables in their gardens—tomatoes everywhere and scarcely anything else.

"Why don't you raise other things?" he asked. "Asparagus, now. Your soil is just right. You would make a fine thing of it. I will furnish you with seeds."

"How soon should we get crops?"

"In four years at the longest."

"Four years! Are you crazy? Do you suppose we would spend money to get something back in four years? We should be bankrupt 20 times over."—Youth's Companion.

Trollope and Whist.

Trollope was attracted, in the first instance, by the genial society, but continued to resort there from pure love of the game itself, and, though, as he tells us, he often felt inclined "to swear off," like Rip Van Winkle, the habit grew too strong for him, and, after all, he is disposed to agree with Talleyrand that, when one has turned 60, life without cards is but a triste vieillesse.

Trollope, as might be supposed, was by no means an ideal whist player. His eager and almost boisterous temperament was hardly suited to a game that requires the utmost self possession and coolness from its votaries. But his play was steady and consistent. He utilized his strong suit and was sound on the subject of trumps, and au reste he was as thorough paced a partner and as implacable an opponent as the great Sarah Battle herself.—Blackwood's Magazine.

An Appreciative Welshman.

London Truth has the following: "The following tasty inscription is from a family mausoleum erected by a Welsh landowner and magistrate in Merionethshire. To expend turf winnings on erecting a tomb looks, at first sight, eccentric, but possibly the builder was moved by the reflection that betting has brought many to their graves:

As to my latter end I go
To seek my jubilee
I bless the good horse Bendigo,
That built this tomb for me.

That Troublesome Meringue.

The secret of making the meringue for lemon pies so that it stands tall and thick is in the baking. Whip the whites of the eggs to a froth that will not fall out of the bowl when turned upside down. Put in about a tablespoonful of granulated sugar for each white, stir very little, spread it on the pies when they are just done and still baking hot without taking them out of the oven and let them bake with the oven open. If made hot enough to brown, the meringue will surely fall and become worse than nothing. Five to ten minutes is enough to bake the meringue dry and straw colored. Sift granulated sugar on the top of the meringue as soon as spread on the pie before baking.—Philadelphia Times.

Liable to Be Misunderstood.

Liable to misunderstanding are such interesting adornments of shop windows as, "Superior butter, 1 shilling per pound. Nobody can touch it"—probably not—or the tempting notice of the dealer in cheap shirts, "They won't last long at this price!" Worse still was the admonition which appeared in the window of a cheap restaurant, "Dine here, and you will never dine anywhere else." The viands of this restaurateur must have been almost as deadly and unerring in their effect as the whisky known in the western states as "forty rod," because that was the distance beyond which no drinker could walk after its imbibition.—Cornhill Magazine.

FREAKS OF NATURE.

Some Curious Things That Amuse and Astonish Men of Science.

Nature's freaks of fancy afford a strange study. People are constantly sending to the National museum supposed fossil animals and other oddities which are in reality mere accidental forms carved by water. A pebble in a stream gathers about itself grains of sand until an odd shaped lump is made. A favorite shape for such lumps is that of a turtle with four legs, a head and tail, even the lines of the shell being sometimes distinct. Similar concretions of carbonate of iron and clay assume the appearance of petrified peanuts. Break one, and you will always find inside a small spiral winkle shell, which has served as the nucleus. A queer counterfeit of this kind, forwarded to Washington not long ago, was an alleged fossil foot of a child, with a little stocking on, the latter showing signs of wear on the ball of the foot and on the heel. It was only a concretion, as was likewise what appeared to be a petrified oyster on the shell.

One eminent scientist has been amusing himself of late by making imitation spider webs out of quartz fibers. It is well known that copper wire can be drawn to a fineness much less than the thickness of a hair—in fact, to the diameter of the one-thousandth part of an inch. But glass may be spun finer than copper, while even the finest spun glass is not so fine as silk fiber. The latter, however, is coarse compared with the threads that can be obtained by melting quartz under a blowpipe and pulling it out. Such threads may be reduced to a thinness of one-millionth of an inch. Drawn to such tenuity, they are invisible under a microscope of the highest power. Yet they are stronger in proportion to their thickness than the best quality of bar steel. Enough thread like this could be made from a single cubic inch of quartz to go around the world 658 times. A grain of sand barely large enough to be visible to the naked eye would yield 1,000 miles of thread.

Obviously no practical use can be made of threads so extremely fine. Comparatively coarse ones were woven into cobwebs by the scientist aforesaid. They would not catch flies because they were too slippery, having no gluten on them, like real cobwebs. This difficulty was got over by moistening a straw in castor oil and gently stroking the threads with it; then the webs captured flies fairly well. But a cobweb is incomplete without a spider, so it occurred to the experimenter to attract an arachnid to his web by the buzzing of a fly. It was difficult to make a fly buzz to order, but a satisfactory imitation was produced by permitting a tuning fork to vibrate against the quartz fibers. This fetched the spider right away. The scientist also amused himself with blowing bubbles of quartz, which looked exactly like the most beautiful soap bubbles.—Washington Star.

Sponge Fishing.

The Greeks are considered the principal sponge fishers, and it takes much experience, skill and hardihood to qualify a man for a first class place among sponge divers. Many of the most valuable specimens are found at a depth varying from 10 to 35 fathoms. To aid in the descent, the divers make use of a triangular stone, with a hole in one corner, through which a rope is spliced. On reaching the deep sea gardens, where the rock ledges are clothed with marine growths, the diver, retaining a hold on his rope, dexterously breaks away the holdfast of the sponges and places them under his arm until a sufficient load has been gleaned, when a pull on the rope signals his companions above that he is ready to ascend, and he is then hauled to the surface, bearing his ocean treasures.—Exchange.

Manuscript of "The School For Scandal."

No printed version of "The School For Scandal" was prepared for publication by Sheridan. He always alleged that he could not supply one with which he was perfectly satisfied. Yet he made the attempt, and Mr. Fraser Rae has discovered the copy containing his final corrections of passages in many scenes, which Moore must have overlooked, the documents at his disposal having recently been put into Mr. Fraser Rae's hands by Sheridan's descendants for the purpose of writing a complete biography of the great dramatist and orator. The manuscript is imperfect, yet enough is extant to show how effectually Sheridan could add a fresh charm to his polished phrases.—London Athenæum.

Rulers of Horses and Men.

It is instructive to compare the visage of the ruler of horses with that of the ruler of men. The horseman's face shows command in the mouth; the drill sergeant's in the mouth and the eye. The last is undoubtedly the most effective instrument in exacting obedience from our own species. Here we get a hint of the cause of that want of dignity, that element of coarseness, which is discernable in the countenances of some men and women who have much to do with horses. The higher and nobler method of expressing authority is outweighed by the lower and more animal one.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Are Men Getting More Vain?

A local philosopher, who makes a practice of observing other people's manners and commenting upon their habits, states that nearly every man now carries a pocket mirror. According to him, this habit has grown immensely of late, and nearly every man can be observed at frequent intervals pulling a glass out of his pocket and looking at the set of his necktie or the appearance of his whiskers.—Philadelphia Call.

Out of Order.

Little Girl—We has a new baby.

Neighbor—You have?

Little Girl—Yes'm, an its eyes open an shut, too, but I guess there's someting zee matter wif its works, 'cause zee eyes don't always shut when you lay it down.—Good News.

Steamships Steered by a Finger.

Marvelous progress has been made in marine architecture and equipment within the past few years. There was a time when the wheelhouse of a big ocean steamer contained eight stalwart men, who, in rough weather, would find it almost a herculean task to manage the wheel. Nowadays the light touch of an infant's hand upon the wheel is of sufficient power to turn a vessel completely around. Huge boats are now steered by a steam apparatus, which is as quick and effective as the touch upon the ordinary electric button.—Philadelphia Record.

The titles of Jewish rabbinical writings are often fanciful. One commentary is called "The Heart of Aaron," the introduction to the Talmud is the "Bones of Joseph," and other treatises are termed "Garden of Nuts" and "Golden Apples."

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at ROBERT R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

A GRAND SUCCESS.

The Special Sale Week,

WHICH HAS JUST CLOSED.

Has proven a GRAND SUCCESS. We are pleased to know that the public appreciate the BARGAINS which we have been offering.

NEW GOODS

Are arriving daily in every department.

Specialties for Easter.

We shall at all times endeavor to give our customers and the public in general, the very best for the least money. Call and see us.

Yours for Bargains,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $2.00 and over

Phone 118.

WE HAVE

No Time to Wait!

WE are busy all the time waiting on our many thousands of customers. To hear our prices one would think that we are doing business for glory, but we say we are not. We work on a very small profit.

We buy our goods at bottom prices for spot cash and sell them for the same. We work on the One Price system, thereby treating all alike, giving anyone her best value possible.

This is the season of the year to buy your new hats and bonnets for ladies; caps for the Babies and hats for the Boys. We have just laid in a full supply of Spring Millinery. We have straw sailors at 10c each; cloth brim, high crown, braided top, new style Sailors at 10c. A big job lot assorted colors—red, blue, brown and black trimmed hats from 50c to 75c each; Ribbon from 1c per yard to $1. We have about 3,000 rolls, all colors and styles to select from.

Our line of Boys' and Mens' hats has been largely increased; palmetto hats at 10c each, 3 for 15c. 300 Mens' sample straw hats worth from 35c to $1.50 each. Our prices are 25 to 50c each. A full line of gent's Alpine felt hats at 38c, 40c, 50c, 75c, 98c up to $2 each boys' straw from 10c up to 48c.

Shoes.

I love to talk about shoes. Our line of Ladies' shoes from 50c up. Womans' glove and pebble grain lace, solid leather insole shoes 75c, button 79c; mens' high cut all solid, Harvard tie, 98c a pair. A beautiful Congress and Lace Gentleman's fine shoes at $1. Ladies' and Gent's slippers from 50c a pair. Ladies' patent tip slippers, pretty new goods, at 50c a pair.

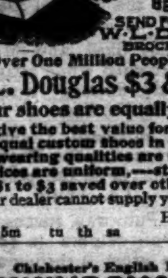
We have a full and complete line of dress goods and clothing.

We sell you 4x4 sheeting, good goods, at 5c. Window shades, 36x72 inches, at 13c each. We have anything you wish. Come and see us and be convinced that we do business on business principles at the Big Racket Store of Wilmington, N. C.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.,

ap 7 tf

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.



$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4.$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S. EXTRA FINE.
$2.$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES.
$3.$2.50 $2.$1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes

All our shoes are equally satisfactory

They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by H. VonGLAHN, Wilmington.

jan 1 5m tu th sa

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

ap 4 D&W 6m th sa tu

The Giles & Murchison

Stock

—OF—

Hardware

Tinware Etc.,

To be Sold at a Great Reduction In Prices.

The undersigned has assumed the management of the sale of the entire Stock of the late firm of GILES & MURCHISON, which will be offered at prices which cannot fail to attract the attention of all close buyers.

Country Merchants

Will find it Greatly to their Interest to Get the List of Prices, As Goods will be SOLD CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED, or probably ever will be again.

Retail trade desired, and all in want of any goods in our line are earnestly invited to call and avail themselves of the present opportunity to fill their wants

At Unheard-of Prices.

The Stock will be kept up to its former HIGH STANDARD, and NEW GOODS will arrive as often as occasion requires.

J. W. Murchison, Agent.

jan 1 tf

Must Have Work.

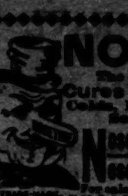
JOE CRAIG, PRACTICAL TIN, SHEET-Iron and Pump job workman, 125 Princess street. Respectfully,

ap 7 tf JOE F. CRAIG

Leaders.

WE Lead! Others follow. We are first in work first in cleanliness and first in price. Would you not rather pay a few cents more and get the best attention and work in the State? Common sense will answer the question. Give us a trial and let us convince you that we are telling the truth. A. G. Prempert, Chiropodist will be pleased to wait on all needing services in that line.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, German Barber and Hairdresser. Experts in Barbering, 11 South Front St.



NOSETINE The Only Remedy that Cures CATARRH Colds, Hay Fever, Grippe, Sore Throat, etc. Nosetine Tablets, 25 cts. Nosetine Salve, 50 cts. For sale by J. HICKS BUNTING Y. M. C. A. Bldg. Sole Agt. for Wilmington.

ap 8 1y 2p

The Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Co.,

—OF—

Greensboro, N. C.

Offers Cheaper Fire Insurance,

By making every policy-holder a sharer in the profits of the Company. All profits except a reserve of ten per cent. are returned to the policy-holders.

Capital, $100,000.00.

Subscribed by twenty capitalists, whose names represent over FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

Policy-Holders are Non-Assessable.

DIRECTORS.

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A. F. Page,	Thos. H Holt,
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OFFICERS.

J. M. Worth, President.
E. P. Wharton, Vice-President.
A. W. McAllister, Sec. & Treas.

When your policy expires see that it is renewed in the Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company.

STEDMAN & WORTH, Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

feb 16 tf

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA vs. Geo. W. Davis and E. K. Bryan.—By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made in the above-entitled cause, the undersigned commissioners will sell the following-described property, at the Court House door of New Hanover County, for cash, to the highest bidder, at 12 o'clock M. on April 19 1895, to-wit—

1. A lot of land in the city of Wilmington beginning in the west line of Fourth street 66 feet south from the intersection of Fourth and Brunswick streets, thence west 165 feet, thence south 33 feet, thence east 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

2. Also a lot in said city beginning in the west line of Fourth street 99 feet south from the intersection of Fourth and Brunswick streets, runs west 165 feet, thence south 33 feet, thence east 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

3. Also a lot beginning in the east line of Third street 66 feet south from the intersection of Third and Brunswick streets, thence 165 feet, thence south 33 feet; thence west 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

4. Also a lot beginning in the eastern line of Third street 99 feet south from the intersection of Third and Brunswick streets, thence east 165 feet, thence south 33 feet, thence west 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

All of the above- described parcels of land being parts of Lot 2, Block 263 of the said city of Wilmington.

GEO. H. HOWELL,
DAVID B. SUTTON,
Commissioners.

March 19, 1895. mch 20 30t

Do You Keep a Bank Account?

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Will Pay You 4 Per Cent. Interest, and You can Draw Your Money When Needed.

Be sure and save something every month. If you are afraid of banks, or have valuable papers or Jewels, rent a Safety Deposit Box in our fire and burglar-proof safe.

We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child wishing to deposit.

Loans made on any good security at minimum rates.

We Have Near 4,000 Depositors.

"Ready money is a remedy for many ills."
"Little and often fills the purse.
"A good beginning is a thing half done.'

march 29 tf

J. W. Norwood, President. W. J. Toomer, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

With unsurpassed facilities for transacting business entrusted to it. this Bank offers all customers every accommodation consistent with legitimate Banking.

Loans Made at Minimun Rates On Approved Security.

No Interest Paid on Deposits.

Collections handled with promptness, accuracy and economy.

Surplus and net profits,	$10,288	$26,288	$38,210
	March 5 1893.	March 5 1894.	March 5 1895.
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,765	3,618	None
Banking House, &c.,	15,621	15,600	14,600
Deposits,	185,340	566,210	611,061
Loans,	278,980	479,349	490,330

Dividends paid from March 5th, 1893, to March 5th, 1894—3 per cent.
Dividends paid from March 5th, 1894, to March 5th, 1895—6 per cent.

Last installment of Capital paid in October, 1892.

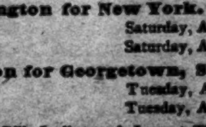
march 29 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA,	Saturday, April 13
CROATAN,	Saturday, April 20

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN	Saturday, April 13
ONEIDA,	Saturday, April 20

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday, April 9
ONEIDA,	Tuesday, April 16

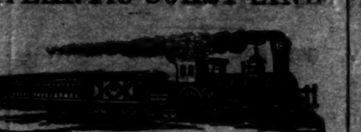
Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. ap 7 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MARCH 25, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.43 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 3.29 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkin 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.35 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.10 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.20 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.30 P M No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.10 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 2.55 p m, Warsaw 3.49 p m, Magnolia 4.02 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 A m No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.13 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.10 p m, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.48 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4.50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.59 p m; Sunday 5.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.10 p m, 5.20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.00 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 11.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4.20 p m; arrive Atkins 8.15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a. m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 9.17 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.31 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6.53 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.25 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.10 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 5.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

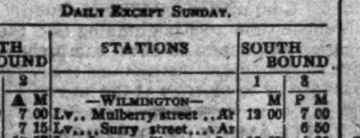
Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11.03 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.58 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, leave Rowland 9.35 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 a m, Selma 12.32 a m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Trains lve Pregnall's 8.30 a m, Summerton 9.48 a m, Sumter 10.35 a m, Darlington 11.55 a m, Bennettsville 12.48 p m, arrive Hamlet 1.40 p m Returning leave Hamlet 2.10 p m, Bennettsville 3.00 p m, Darlington 3.52 p m., Sumter 5.11 p m. Summerton 5.58 p m, arrive Pregnall's 7.21 p m.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. mar 26 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 4	NORTH BOUND 2	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 1	SOUTH BOUND 3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—	M	P M
3 30	7 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 00	7 00
	7 15	Lv....Surry street...Ar		6 50
4 22	10 17	Lv..Jacksonville.......Lv	10 07	4 30
4 54	10 57	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	9 34	3 20
5 08	11 18	Lv..Pollocksville.......Lv	9 20	3 00
5 45	12 00	Ar..Newbern...........Lv	8 45	2 20
P M	M		A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 3.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager jan 29 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C

Importers and Jobbers

American, English! And German

Hardware

Tinware, Earthenware, Cutlery, Guns, Ammunition &c.

sep 23 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT FEB. 17, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	7 25 a. m
4 45 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 35 "
4 32 "	Ar ..Fayetteville...Lv	10 55
4 28 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 58 "
3 17 "	Lv ....Sanford......Ar	12 18 "
1 32 "	Lv......Climax......Lv	2 20 p. m
1 04 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	2 50 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 00 "
12 18 "	Lv....Stokesdale....Ar	3 55 "
11 45 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove...Ar	4 25 "
11 35 "	Ar..Walnut Cove...Lv	4 33 "
11 06 "	Lv....Rural Hall....Lv	5 01 "
9 45 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 26 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 55 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	7 00 a. m.
6 29 "	Lv.......Maxton......Lv	8 07 "
5 40 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	8 46 "
4 59 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	9 41 "
4 38 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 05

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 40 p m	Ar......Ramseur......Lv	6 50 a. m.
4 00 "	Lv......Climax......Lv	8 35 "
3 05 "	Lv ...Greensboro...Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 55 "
Arrive Madison	11 15 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 25 p
Leave Stokesdale	1 27 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 38 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTONS.

Trains Nos. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East. Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, North and Southbound, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railrood, North and South-bound, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem. Train No 16 connects at Madison with Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Train No. 1 makes close connection at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West.; and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and Southbound, and at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line for all Points North and South, and at Fayetteville junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston Jacksonville, and all Florida points. Train No. 3 connects at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South.

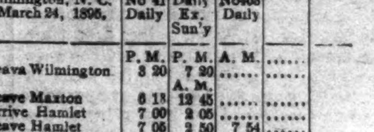
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

eb 17 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE

WESTBOUND TRAINS

Wilmington, N. C. March 24, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 403 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leava Wilmington	3 20	7 20	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 18	12 45	......	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4	8 36	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	9 22	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 37	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 25	......
Leave Charlotte			10 25	......
Leave Lincolnton			11 37	......
			P. M.	......
Leave Shelby			12 42	......
Arr Rutherfordton			2 10	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 402 Daily	
	A. M.	P M	P. M.	
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25	
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58	
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55	
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20	
Leave Charlotte	5 50	8 50	8 20	
Arrive Monroe	6 30	10 45	9 10	
Leave Monroe	6 50	11 05	9 15	
Leave Wadesboro	7 48	12 43	9 54	
		A. M.		
Arrive Hamlet	8 40	2 05	10 34	
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30		
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30		
	P. M.			
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05		

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.20 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	12.05 a m
Leave Raleigh	5 22 a m	8.40 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.20 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	9.15 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8 05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

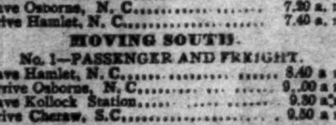
Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.

V. E. McBEE, Supt, Trans.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a. m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

CHOICE

Seed Potatoes.

HOULTON

EARLY ROSE.

Red Rust Proof Oats

COFFEE, SUGAR, FLOUR,

Meat, Salt,

MOLASSES, &c., &c.

WORTH & WORTH.

jan 17 tf

Cotton Mills

A SPECIALTY. THEIR ORGANIZATION Equipment and Construction arranged. Plans, specifications and Superintendence furnished for all kinds of Textile Mills. Mill sites and powers examined and reported upon. ARTHUR F. GRAY, Mill Architect and Engineer, Exchange Building, 53 State St., Boston, Mas

jan 24 1m

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 11.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose ten to twelve points, and closed firm, with sales of 211,900 bales. Liverpool was 1-32d higher on the spot, with sales of 25,000 bales; futures advanced one point, but lost half of this later on, and closed quiet and steady. Silver declined ⅛d in London. The North Carolina bulletin for the week says that the Eastern and Central sections are likely to show considerable decrease in the acreage. The semi-weekly receipts, as reported for the interior towns by New Orleans, was 23,000 bales, against 11,000 in 1893; shipments 33,000 bales, against 20,000 in 1892. The Manchester cables were bullish. Mississippi weekly report says the weather has been favorable for farm work during the past week, except where there was too much moisture. New Orleans dispatches said bears there were covering freely. In Manchester, yarns were strong and cloths in moderate demand. The Southern spot markets were generally steady to firm, and quiet. New Orleans, St. Louis Savannah, Baltimore and Augusta advanced 1-16c and Charleston ⅛c. New Orleans sold 4,500 bales. Spot cotton here was quiet at an advance of ⅛c, with sales of 66 bales for spinning. Middling uplands 6⅛c. Augusta received to day 290 bales against 64 this day last week and 295 last year. Memphis 208 bales, against 84 last week and 95 last year and Houston 1,503 against 2 188 last week and 995 last year. In New Orleans futures advanced six to seven points. Receipts there to morrow estimated at 500 to 1,000 against 4,794 last week and 1,553 last year. The port receipts to-day were 8,081 against 19,967 this day last week and 8 942 last year; thus far this week they are 62,940 against 81,547 thus far last week. The exports were 5,594 to Great Britain and 5,965 to the Continent.

The New York warehouse stock is now 198,000 bales, against 237,000, 253,000, 888 000, 133,000 and 191,000 bales in the previous five years Fall River reports a large demand for print cloths at 1-16c. advance. President Spencer, of the Southern Railway Company, says that the fertilizer business of the South is not more than 60 or 65 per cent. of that of a nominal year, and adds: "The South is turning its attention more and more to manufacturing and agricultural products other than cotton. The result is more independence for the Southern farmers."

To-day's features: It was practically a repetition of yesterday's features, only a little more so—for instance Liverpool sold 18,000 bales on the spot yesterday, but to-day 25,000. Prices advanced about five points yesterday, but to-day 10 to 12 points. The Southern markets were higher, the port receipts were small, falling even below those of the corresponding day last year for the first time this season and Manchester advices were enough to bring smiles to the faces of the bulls. English spinners have perhaps in some cases been waiting a little too long to stock up. They seem to have been banking a little too much on a 10,000,000 bale crop, and now they find very little pressure to sell and an aggressive bull party standing by cotton very resolutely on the theory that the next crop is going to be very much smaller than the present one. The South of Europe bought here early in the session, but later on there was more or less realizing, as usual, and yet it had very little effect upon prices. Many of the local shorts covered and some local operators went long. The undertone of the market is considered firm.

MANCHESTER, April 10.—The *Guardian*, in its commercial article, says: The tone of the cotton market has been strong and the feeling, in general, more hopeful, but while there has been occasional moderate business, buyers have been reluctant to respond to the upward movement of cotton and the demands of the manufacturers. There has been rather more inquiry from India, but it is merely tentative. The improved limits which some classes of goods have received might have been acceptable a week ago, but they are not entertained now. There is some inquiry for shirtings from Calcutta, but little of it is workable. There are also inquiries from Western India and Madras for staples and light goods, but mostly at low figures. Some of the offers have been executed. Little has been done for China and Japan. There are some business in the Eastern markets, but inquirers are not eager to buy at the current rates. Some goods actually required have been taken by the nearer markets and some have gone through the South American outlets when they could be placed at reasonable figures. Yarns are strong and a fraction higher.

GAINING GROUND.

The Insurrection in Cuba Spreading Throughout the Island.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The Ward Line steamer Senaca arrived this morning from Mexican ports and Havana. It was learned that while nothing official could be heard of the progress of the Cuban insurrection, the uprising was general throughout the island and was gaining ground daily. Everything is at high tension among the people and the insurgents have more sympathisers than the authorities are willing to admit.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 31½@31¾c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 52½@1 57½.

CHARLESTON, April 10—Spirits turpentine nominal at 28c; receipts 11 casks. Rosin—good strained $1 10@1 15; receipts 81 barrels.

SAVANNAH, April 10.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27½c for regulars; sales 137; reported sales of 2,000 casks to be delivered by April 20th at 27@28c; no offering stock on hand; receipts to-day 556 casks. Rosin was firm and unchanged, with sales of 2,000 barrels and receipts of 1,468 barrels: A, B and C $1 00, D $1 25, E $1 25, F $1 40, G $1 50, H $1 75, I $1 90, K $2 10, M $2 50, N $2 60, window glass $2 70, water white $2 80.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.

CUBA'S INSURRECTION.

GOV. GENERAL CAMPOS' ARRIVAL EXPECTED.

Will Push Active Operations Against the Insurgents—Troops Stationed in All the Towns—A Syndicate Said to be Formed in the United States to Furnish Money to Revolutionists.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, VIA KEY WEST, April 10.—Brig. Gen. Jose Jimerres Moreno, chief of the Governor General's staff, sailed to-day on the Villaverde to receive Martinez Campos, who is expected to arrive on the 15th. Campos will land at Guantanimo or Santiago, and by Royal decree becomes Governor General the moment he sets foot on land, avoiding the delay attendant upon observing the customary formal taking the oath of office here. Governor General Salleja will retire from office upon notice of the landing of Campos, and will sail home on the 20th inst.

General Campos is expected to push active operations against the insurgents in the Province of Santiago De Cuba, which is the only section where insurgents are known to be in any number. Latest advices place the number at 3,000, divided into bands of 50 to 200 each. General Bartolo Maso is in command.

The insurgents announce that a syndicate has been formed in the United States to furnish money for the revolution, reimbursements guaranteed from customs receipts when independence is secured. Wealthy and influential Cubans here give no aid to the insurgents, and declare the uprising a mistake. All three parties here pledge support to the Government. The general belief is that the insurgents will shortly die out.

General La Chambre, in command of the Government forces in the Province of Santiago, reports meeting bands in the mountainous sections but no massing of insurgents and risings in other Provinces. All are under martial law. Troops are stationed at all towns.

Monday a band of forty-eight mounted insurgents invaded Puerto Principe Province and were attacked by Government forces and defeated. One leader, Panchin Varona, was killed, another mortally wounded and taken prisoner, and a woman and child in a house killed by stray balls.

Three of the party who landed near Baracoa with Maceo after killing the captain of the schooner Aonora, were captured Monday. The others fled to the mountains.

The members of the party arrested Sunday in a supposed attempt on Jaruco Barracks was liberated to-day, except Pedro Lopez, Gil and Francisco Paz. The others arrested at Puerto Principe April 5th, were also released, including Marquis Santa Lucia.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

May Wheat Closed Lower—Cash Wheat Higher—Pork Products Closed Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, April 10.—May wheat opened from 54⅞c to 55c, sold to 55⅛@55¼c, closing at 55@55⅛c—¼c under yesterday. Cash wheat was in fair demand for car lots and prices ruled ¼c per bushel higher.

Business was altogether lifeless in the corn pit. The scalpers and floor traders imbibed the feeling of lethargy and, like their companions in wheat, permitted the market to run itself. May corn opened at 45¾c, sold between 45⅝c and 45⅞c, closing at the latter, ⅛c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was steady to firm.

Beyond a little changing from May into the more distant deliveries, there was nothing in oats to attract attention. The spirit of the other markets extended to this and prices moved slowly but presented some firmness through sympathy with wheat and corn. May closed ⅛c to ¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were a shade higher, the feeling being strong.

Provisions—The packers took care of products to-day, and when, after a weak opening, prices were on the decline, the buying gradually improved and before the close a complete transformation took place. Armour, as usual, was a prominent factor, the crowd not caring to oppose his movements. The close was 15c higher than yesterday for May pork; 2½c higher for May lard and unchanged for May ribs.

INCOME TAX LAW.

Treasury Officials Still in the Dark as to Exact Meaning of the Supreme Court Decision.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Treasury officials, in the absence of the full text of the Supreme Court decision on the income tax law, are still groping in the dark as to its exact meaning and have, therefore, been unable to send out supplemental instructions to collectors as to how the law that still remains shall be carried out. The collectors will have to be guided, until they receive official instructions, by their own best judgments. Many telegraphic inquiries, both from internal revenue officials and private parties are being received at the Treasury and are being answered as well as they can be with the existing light. It is admitted on all hands, as the matter is more closely studied, that much confusion must necessarily arise from the elimination of rental receipts from returns, as this exception will affect cognate questions. Commissioner Miller is devoting his entire time to straightening out the tangle, and hopes to have comprehensive supplemental instructions ready for issuance by to-morrow at the latest.

STEAMER IN DISTRESS

From Jamaica Bound to New York—Put in at Norfolk Leaking.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NORFOLK, April 10.—The British steamship Alvana, Captain Dow, bound from Kingston, Ja., to New York, with passengers and general cargo, arrived here last night leaking. It was learned that on the 8th, when in about latitude 31.40, longitude 74.18, and with a heavy sea running, a large plate fell from the bottom of the steamer and the whole of the after-compartments were soon full of water up to the second deck. Three steam pumps and one hand pump were at once put to work, but they could not free the vessel. The passengers became excited and it is said that considerable praying was done. About 240 tons of the steamer's cargo, consisting of coffee, sugar and honey, was thrown overboard, but even this did not seem to help the matter. The cargo jettisoned is estimated to be worth about $24,000. The boats were cleared away and provisioned ready for launching, but fortunately were not called into use. The Alvana arrived here about 12 o'clock last night, and is now anchored off Atlantic City.

ANOTHER ADVANCE

In the Price of Crude Petroleum.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

PITTSBURG, PA., April 10.—The Standard Oil Company announced to-day that they would pay $1 85 per barrel for Pennsylvania oil. This is an advance of 8 cents since yesterday. There has been no material change in prices in the speculative market.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The Standard Oil Company, has made another advance in the price of field oil from $1.77 to $1 85 and the product in Oil City this morning sold up to $1.47½, with a subsequent reaction to $1.45. No new reasons were assigned for the further rise, the scarcity of product still being the main factor at work.

NEWS OF THE NAVY.

MOVEMENTS OF UNITED STATES CRUISERS.

Important and Successful Tests of Armor-Piercing Shell and Percussion Fuses.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The Navy Department to-day invited proposals for gun forgings for the batteries of vessels for the Navy. The advertisements invite all domestic manufacturers of steel to specify upon what terms they will furnish ten sets of rough bored and turned forgings for four-inch breech-loading rifles and twenty sets of rough bored and turned forgings for five-inch breech-loading rifles. The proposals will be received up to and including May 1st, on which day they will be opened.

The cruiser Concord, which left Shanghai yesterday, arrived at Chin Kiang to-day. She is on her way up the Yangtse Kiang river to the interior of China. The Atlanta returned to Colon yesterday after a week spent at Cartagena for coal.

Captain Mahan will be ordered to special duty in connection with the war college at Nepwort during the course there this Summer. This decision was reached to-day after a conference between that officer and Secretary Herbert at the Navy Department, when the Secretary offered him duty involving a general superintendence of the Naval Intelligence Office and the war college duty. The war college was practically founded by Captain Mahan, and he has been much interested in its work, which closely follows the course he originally arranged. The classes will have the benefit of his tactical and strategetical knowledge, but he will have leisure to complete the literary work which he has in hand.

Captain Sampson, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance of the Navy Department, and his assistants conducted two very important and successful tests at the Navy proving ground to-day at Indian Head, Md. The first was a test of semi-armor piercing nickel steel shell. The shell, as required by the test, passed through a seven-inch nickel steel plate without exploding or exposing the large charge of powder it carried. The second test was that of percussion fuses, and was made to determine at what distance the shell would explode after passing through an obstruction. In this test a screen was erected in the river, and a series of stakes about six feet apart driven behind it. The shells passed through the screen successfully, and burst ten or twelve feet on the other side. The experiment proved successful, as the distance at which the shells exploded was just about what the Department desired. One of the same kind of shells was also fired through a two-inch steel plate, bursting on the other side. A successful test was also made with the six-inch gun on cases.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

President Hoffman Says the Decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission Will Not Affect the Situation Materially.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, April 10.—President R. C. Curzon Hoffman, of the Seaboard Air Line, said to-day that the decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission which permits the Southern Railway Company to meet the cut in passenger rates made by the Seaboard to Atlanta without reducing the rate to intermediate points, would not affect the situation materially, except that the decision might give the impression that his line was in the wrong in cutting rates.

Commenting on the decision President Hoffman said: "I no longer see any use of the Inter-State Commerce Commission. That body has virtually given the Southern Railway a weapon with which to fight us, and has repudiated about the only important clause of the Act under which it was created. The long and short haul clause of the law has been upheld by all the courts, and I am surprised that the Inter-State Commerce Commission should be the first to nullify it. I cannot say at present what we will do next, but we are able and ready at all times to protect our rights and property."

WALKING ON A WAGER.

Fred. Miller's Tramp from New York to Jacksonville, Fla.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., April 10.—Fred. Miller, the long-distance pedestrian, who is now walking from New York to this city to return on a wager of $500, arrived at the Union station this morning at 10.15 o'clock, thus completing just one-half of his task. He is accompanied by his dog, Guess, a large and powerful pointer. Miller sarted from New York on his journey at 8 o'clock on the morning of February 5th; he has been just sixty-seven days accomplishing half of his task. The condition of the wager was that he was to walk from New York to Jacksonville and return in seven months from the time of starting. He was to start with nothing and was to receive nothing but food and clothing while en route. So far Miller has travelled 1,800 miles. His route was from New York to Philadelphia, to Baltimore, to Washington, to Atlanta, and via Jessup to this city. Miller has lost but seven pounds since he started on his long jaunt. The dog is in fine condition, being slick and fat. Miller expects to remain in the city two days and then start on his return trip.

LYNCHING THREATENED.

A Negro's Narrow Escape at Clifton Forge, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., April 10.—A Clifton Forge special says: About 5 p. m. yesterday, a negro named Armistead Carter, employed by Judge George K. Anderson, of Alleghany county, Va., attempted an assault on Helen Elvin, seven-year old daughter of A. G. Elvin, general foreman of the Chesapeake and Ohio shops at Clifton Forge. Caught by neighbors of the Elvin family before accomplishing his purpose, he was taken by the authorities and hurried off to Covington, Va., on a special train, as a large gathering of men threatened to lynch him. The town was greatly excited for a few hours, but as no harm was found to have been done the child, after an examination by doctors, it quieted down after the negro had been carried away.

RESIGNATION TENDERED.

Dr. Richmond M. Smith Professor in Randolph-Macon College.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., April 10.—Dr. Richmond M. Smith, Professor of Greek, Hebrew and Sanskrit in Randolph Macon College, Ashland, Va., having taken the position that he does not fully believe in the divinity of Christ, and that all of the Scriptures are inspired has tendered his resignation, and the board have signified their intention of accepting it. Dr. Smith is brother to the President of the institution.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

THE WHISKEY TRUST.

President Greenhut Denies the Charges—Discovers Manoeuvre.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PEORIA, ILL., April 10.—In an interview to-day President Greenhut said: "The charges made against me in the suit filed by receiver McNulta are all false, and I will further say that I agree to pay $1,000 to the charities of this city if any of these parties can produce any evidence to prove that I, or any of the directors of the Whiskey Trust, have appropriated any of the moneys paid by the company in the purchase of any of the properties named in the bill which is said to have been filed."

CHICAGO, April 10.—Forestalling the cyclone which is in store for the old whiskey trust directors at the annual election three of the board to-day resigned. The retiring members are W. N. Hobart, L. Green and J. Walter Freiberg, all the Chincinnati interests Cincinnati distillers are now unrepresented. Had these men not resigned they would have been removed, as it is the intention of the stockholders to get rid of the last vestige of the old crowd.

According to the by-laws of the company, a majority of the board consists of four members. The original board consisted of seven members, and the resignation of Nelson Morris, September 23nd, 1894, left it with only six. To-day's resignations leaves the board with only three members. It is therefore inoperative. The three remaining are President Greenhut, Vice-President John Beggs and Secretary Peter J. Hennessy.

It is said that these three will remain until removed at the election, April 17th.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., April 10.—Baltimore had an easy thing defeating Norfolk to-day by a score of 15 to 1, before 1,500 people.

RICHMOND, VA., April 10.—Although they played beautiful ball and a perfect game this afternoon, the Richmonds were unable to score against Boston. They showed much more ability than they have ever done before, and the game was full of interest.

LYNCHBURG, VA., April 10.—The Lancasters, the second strongest team in the Pennsylvania League went down again to-day before the Tobacconists. Score: Lynchburg 9; Lancaster 7.

PETERSBURG, VA., April 10.—The Brooklyns played the Petersburg team this afternoon and had a walk-over. Score: Brooklyn 21; Petersburg 1.

A NEGRO SWINDLER

Skipped from Atlanta with Twenty-Seven Hundred Dollars.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, April 10.—A negro, who said his name was Mitchell, came here six weeks ago soliciting funds from his race. He stated that a case against the "Jim Crow" law was pending in the Supreme Court of the United States. Mitchell told it that Robert Ingersoll, ex Governor Hoadley and other lawyers, had been retained to represent the colored race in the fight. It would take $10,000 to pay the lawyers, he said. His people in Georgia subscribed liberally. Bishop Turner gave $100. A few days ago it was learned that Mitchell was a fraud. When he found that his record was being looked up, he skipped. He got $3,500 from the negroes of Georgia and married a school teacher who finds that he has a wife in Minneapolis, Minn.

WARM WIRELETS.

Senator John M. Palmer has declared his intention of fighting the proposed scheme of committing the Illinois Democracy to free silver.

The bodies of Miss Skill and Mr. Munson, who were drowned while boating Sunday, were found floating in the Indian river near Titusville, Fla.

Captain Hamilton Sheppard, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Western District of Virginia, is at the point of death at his home in Lynchburg.

The steamship St. Paul was successfully launched at Philadelphia in the presence of almost as great a throng as gathered at the abortive attempt on March 25th.

Grant Griffin, colored, was hanged at Gainesville Fla., yesterday for the murder of Wm. Tibbs, also colored. Griffin's neck was broken by the fall and he died without a struggle.

Ordnance Sergeant Seymour, at Key West, Fla., was terribly injured by an explosion. He was engaged in assorting condemned munitions of war, when a dynamite fuse exploded.

At a meeting to-day of the board of directors of the Jefferson Davis Monument Association in Richmond, Va., it was decided to lay the corner-stone of the monument in the spring of 1896.

A dispatch from Spimonski says Li Hung Chang, the Chinese envoy, has completely recovered from his injuries, and will personally resume negotiations with the Japanese plenipotentiaries to-day.

The London *Times'* correspondent in Hong Kong says that Chinese robbers are plundering Formosa, and several foreigners have gone ashore at Tiawan to help the Chinese officers punish them.

Robert H. Parnill, who has been in jail at Lynchburg, Va., charged with aiding and abetting Walker G. Hammer in abstracting and embezzling funds from the First National Bank, of that city, has been admitted to bail.

Official advices from the Colombian Government received in Washington announce the complete subjection of the rebellion, and the restoration of a normal condition of peace in all the departments of the Confederation.

The *Central News'* correspondent in Shimonoseki says there was a two hour's conference between the Chinese and Japanese negotiators yesterday. Li Hung Chang was present with all the other members of the Chinese Mission.

The thirtieth General Assembly of the Arkansas Legislature adjourned *sine die* at noon yesterday. Senator J. C. Pinnix, of Pike county, was elected President, *pro tem*, which makes him virtually Lieutenant-Governor.

The Massachusetts committee on mercantile affairs have made a long report in the Senate on the condition of the textile manufactures in the South. They say there is no immediate fear of competition with the industries of Massachusetts.

Mr. Wallace Graham, publisher of the weekly paper, *Saturday Night*, at Norfolk, Va., committed suicide by taking poison. He was a native of Canada, and had been in Norfolk about sixty days. He leaves a wife in Chicago. He was financially well off.

The cigar factory of Henry L. Stehman, at Rohrstown, Pa., was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Later Stehman surrendered himself, acknowledged that he had set the place on fire and wanted to be locked up. He is undoubtedly insane. The loss is about $7,500.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

Men and women to make big money with the Practical Plating Dynamo. Is the electrical machine used in the great plating factories. $65.00 to $65.00 a week made easy. Plates everything. No experience; big profits. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clark No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. april 9 6t

A chance to make money.—I made $584.00 the last six weeks selling Dish Washers, and was sick part of the time. I don't see why others do not go into the Dish Washer Business. No canvassing. Sold all my Washers at home. Perfect satisfaction. Every one sold sells another. Every family wants one. I will make $3,000 this year easy. I can wash and dry one dishes in two minutes. Any one can make $5 to $15 a day. For circulars write to Iron City Dish Washer Co., S. Highland avenue, E. E. Pittsburg, Pa. mch 19 3m

Miss L. A. Willis, Principal Baltimore Cooking School, has compiled a new Pastry Cook Book, which is being distributed to the patrons of the well-known Horsford Bread Preparation. The reputation of the author renders the book of especial value. Mail one wrapper from a package of Horsford Bread Preparation to the Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I. A copy will be sent free. mar 20 3t fri

I am selling one fourth of a pound of Smoking Tobacco for 5 cents. Sugar, Coffee, Snuff, Crackers and Cakes sold at lowest prices. Best quality Flour, Molasses and Syrup always on hand. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail Grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. mr 17 tf

Portrait work.—Fine Photographs $1 per dozen. Get my prices on copying, enlarging and viewing before placing your order. Mail orders for copying and enlarging receive prompt attention. A trial order solicited. First-class work guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Extra fine photographs a specialty. c6t

John S. McEachern, 311 Market street, Dealer in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 58. c6t

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody. That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c6t

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 609 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c6t

Spirittine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spirittine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spirittine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spirittine remedies. c6t

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c6t

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old news papers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

MERCER & GAYLORD,

—AT THE—

H. C. EVANS'

OLD STAND,

Are still persuading the generous public to buy

Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, Shoes,
Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, Shoes,
Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, Shoes,
Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, Shoes,

SHOES.

This means we want to sell

SHOES, GOOD CHEAP SHOES

to everybody.

See our prices before you buy.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Gaylord,

115 Princess Street.

Successor to H. C. Evans. mar 30 tf

Cornean's Bed Bug Interceptic

—IS A—

Penetrating Liquid.

No Trouble to apply—Does the work. There is none other "just as good. Ask for Corneaus—take no other. Made only by

JAMES D. NUTT,
The Druggist.

ap

Easter Cards.

We have received by Express a fine assortment of Easter Cards and Easter Novelties, which will be on exhibition on Monday at

HEINSBERGER'S
Live Book and Music Store.

ap 7 tf

Nails! Nails!

1,500 kegs nails.
75 bags coffee.
75 barrels sugar.
1 000 spirit casks.
50 barrels glue.
1,000 bushels oats.
800 bushels corn.

Also meat, salt, molasses, flour, peanuts, hay, hoop iron and other goods.

D. L. GORE.

ap 7 DAW tf

S. H. Fishblate,

King Clothier.

OUR MERCHANT TAILORING

SPRING GOODS

ARE IN STORE.

Suits to Order, $17.50 Up

Fit and Finish Guaranteed,

Any article you purchase from us if you are not satisfied come back and get your money.

FULL LINE SPRING HATS.

Can save you money. Try us.

S. H. FISHBLATE,

King Clothier.

mar 1 tf

For Easter.

JOHNSON & FORE

No. 111 Market St.,

Are fully prepared to supply you with every desirable article for

EASTER,

including all the

Newest and Latest Parisian Ideas in

MILLINERY,

Neckwear, Kid Gloves,

Dress Goods

—AND—

Trimmings, Embroideries, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.

All orders for Millinery will be promptly executed and perfect satisfaction is assured.

Mail orders promptly filled.

JOHNSON & FORE,

No. 111 Market Street.

ap 7 tf

Cupid brings the coming styles to our Store. We always present our patrons with the latest cut in Ties and Shoes of all kinds. We lead in stylish goods and in lower prices for same grades. We have the largest stock in the State, the greatest variety, and better goods than any house in the city, and with abundant capital and buying for cash we offer better prices to the trading public. We invite inspection.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

106 North Front St.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ap 7 tf

Only a Few Days More,

LIMITED

SALE AT THE

GREAT SHOE HOUSE

—OF—

A. Shrier,

108 Market Street.

This sale will continue only a few days longer.

High Grade Shoes

—AT A—

Great Sacrifice.

The entire stock must be sold as I am going out of the Shoe business.

THE FINEST LINE OF

LADIES' OXFORD TIES

in the city.

Saller, Lewin & Co.'s Hand-made Blucher Oxford, former price $3.50, now $2.50.

Saller, Lewin & Co.'s Hand-made Oxford Ties, patent Tip, former price $3.25, now $2.30.

Saller, Lewin & Co.'s Hand-made Oxford Ties, common sense Opera Toe or patent Tip, former price $2.50, now $1 75.

Ladies' Dongola Oxford Ties, tan or black, former price $1.25, now 88c.

Ladies' Dongola Oxford Ties, common sense Opera Toe or Patent Tip, former price $1.25, now 88c.

Ladies' Dongola Oxford Ties, patent Tip, former price $1.00, now 66c.

Ladies' Oxford Ties, patent Tip, former price 75c, now 55c.

Opera Slippers 45c.

Ladies' Dongola Strap Sandals, former price $1, now 66c.

Ladies' Patent Vamp Strap Sandals, former price $1, now 75c.

Ladies' Dongola Strap Sandals with Buckles, former price $1.25, now $1.00.

Ladies' Pat Vamp Strap Sandals, with Buckles, former price $1.75, now $1.20.

Ladies' Tan Strap Sandals, former price $1.25, now 83c.

Ladies' Pat Vamp Sandals, Imitation Tip, former price $1.75, now $1.30.

An Immense Line of Ladies' Shoes in All Styles.

Ladies' Hand-made Dongola Button Shoes in Opera Toe and common sense or Patent Tip, former price $3, now $2.20.

Ladies' Dongola Button Shoe, Opera Toe and common sense or Patent Tip, former price $3.50, now $1.87.

Ladies' Dongola Button Shoe, Opera Toe and common sense patent Tip, former price $2.00, now $1.37.

Ladies' Dongola Button Shoe, Opera Toe and common sense or patent Tip, former price $1.50, now $1.15.

The Latest Styles in Misses' and Children's Slippers.

Misses' Patent Vamp Strap Sandals, former price $1.25, now 93c, sizes 11½ to 2, same sizes 8½ to 11, 85c; same 5 to 8, 75c.

Misses' Dongola Strap Sandals, 11½ to 2, former price $1.25, now 93c.

Misses' Oxford Ties, Patent Tip Spring Heel, former price $1.25, now 75c.

Misses' Button Shoes, Patent Tip Spring Heel, former price $3.00, now $1.37.

Misses' Button Shoes, Patent Tip, Spring Heel, former price $1.50, now $1.10.

Misses' Button Shoes, Patent Tip, Spring Heel, former price $1.25, now 83c.

Misses' Patent Tip Spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1.00 now 65c.

A Large Line of Men's Shoes.

Men's Hand-sewed French Calf and vici Kid Shoes, Lace or Congress, former price $5, now $3.60.

Men's hand-sewed French Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, all styles toes, former price $4.00, now $2.75.

Men's Hand-sewed Russia Calf Shoes, Lace or Button, former price $4.00, now $2.75.

Men's Hand-sewed French Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, all style toes, former price $3.00, now $2.25.

Men's Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, former price $2.50, now $1.75.

Men's Satin Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, former price $2.25, now $1.63.

Men's 1.50 Shoes, now 1.15.

Men's 1.25 Shoes, now 93c.

Men's Tan Lace Shoes, former price 2.00, now 1.50.

Remember this sale is limited to a few days only.

A. Shrier,

108 Market Street.

ap 7 tf

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR

Our Millinery Display,

The prettiest, daintiest, most comprehensive this town has ever seen, comprising the latest Parisian ideas in shape and color, in connection with not a few of our own exclusive creations in Bonnets, Toques, Turbans and Hats.

This section, though always strikingly handsome, has taken on at present an appearance of attraction and beauty suggestive of fairyland itself: Lilies, Roses, Orchids, Fleur de Lis, Columbine, Poppies, Dahlias, Pinks, Moss Rose Buds, Holly, Pansies, Violets, Wild Roses, Buttercups, Dandelions, Apple Blossoms, Bluets. Cherry Blossoms and hundreds of others, all combining to form a perfect wilderness of beauty Titania herself might love to rule over.

Straw Hats

In plain and fancy braids, best shaper and colors.

English Tape and Neopolitan Hats with lace edge effects, in desirable and exclusive shapes.

While looking at our Hats the Ladies can take a rest in our Private

MILLINERY PARLOR,

where Mrs. and Miss Taylor and our New York Milliner and Designer, Miss Gookins, will be glad to show them around. So call early and pick out your

EASTER HATS.

Thousands of other Easter Novelties for Easter Presents just received.

Special for this Week.

A fine SILK WINDSOR TIE, all colors, 13c each.

A lot of fine Hemstitched Windsor Ties at 20c each; also, lots of other bargains at

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market Street.

Bargains in different departments daily.

ap 7 tf

This is To Certify That

C. E. GORDON

Has been appointed Agent for the well-known firm

BROWNING, KING & CO.

Clothing Manufacturers.

The public are invited To call and see Samples of

Spring & Summer Suitings.

Suits to order.

Pants to order.

We guarantee a fit.

Respectfully,

C. E. Gordon's,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.

Mail orders promptly filled.

mar 24 tf

Alpha and Omega.

FOR THE TEETH—

Rince Bonci e,	Oralina Mouth Wash.
Oralina Tooth Paste,	Zonweiss
Ideal Tooth Powder,	Lyons' Tooth Powder.
Lyon's Tooth Tablets,	Jenning's Eau Dentifrice.
Thurston's Tooth Powder,	Calder's Dentine.
Hood's Tooth Powder	White's Tooth Powder.
Hazard's Saponaceous Dentifrice	Hazards' Dentine.
Arnica Tooth Soap	Brown's Camphorated Dentifrice.
Holmes' Dentifrice.	J. & B. Tooth Paste.
Cherry Tooth Paste.	M. & B. Mouth Wash.
M. & B. Dentifrice	Sozodont.
Albadast Tooth Powder.	Albadast Tooth Wash.

FOR THE COMPLEXION—

Foley's Cream.	Ayer's Recamier Cream.
Co. Menthal Ice.	Douglas' Amandine.
Kaso.	Malvina Lotion.
Malvina Cream.	Orgoline.
Magnolia Balm.	Exora Cream.
Oxzyn.	Nail Enamel.
Rosaline.	Modene.
McEntire's Hand Lotion,	Palmer's Lotion.
Cook's Toilet Cream,	Lait de Iris.
Rougers's Angelique,	Blush of Roses.
Bloom of Violets,	Ayer's Recamier Cream.
Holmes' Frostilla.	Woodland Balm.
Eucalyptine.	Espey's Cream.
Oriental Cream.	Honey and Almond Cream
	Laird's Bloom of Youth.
Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream.	Vaseline Camphor Ice.
Vaseline Cold Cream.	Viola Cream.
Vinolia Cream.	Hazelein Cream.

FOR THE—

Hindercorn	Magic Corn Salve.
Oda Brot Corn Cure.	A-Corn Salve.
Hawley's Corn Cure.	Camm's Corn Solvent.
Slattenback's Corn Cure.	East India Corn Paint.
Mermen's Corn Cure.	One Night Corn Cure.

Bunting's Pharmacy,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

Wilmington, N. C.

ap 7 tf

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwelling for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash and on improved city real estate loans negotiated. june 24 tf